

A person wearing a blue protective suit and an orange hood is spraying a citrus orchard. The person is seen from the back, holding a yellow spray wand. The orchard is filled with green trees and ripe yellow fruit. The background is a clear blue sky.

*The WHO Recommended
Classification of
Pesticides by Hazard*

and
**Guidelines to Classification
2009**

IPCS

International Programme on Chemical Safety

IOMC INTER-ORGANIZATION PROGRAMME FOR THE SOUND
MANAGEMENT OF CHEMICALS

A cooperative agreement among FAO, ILO, UNEP, UNIDO, UNITAR, WHO & OECD



**World Health
Organization**

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THE WHO RECOMMENDED CLASSIFICATION OF PESTICIDES BY HAZARD AND GUIDELINES TO CLASSIFICATION 2009

The WHO Recommended Classification of Pesticides by Hazard was approved by the 28th World Health Assembly in 1975 and has since gained wide acceptance. When it was published in the WHO Chronicle, 29, 397-401 (1975), an annex, which was not part of the Classification, illustrated its use by listing examples of classification of some pesticidal active ingredients and their formulations. Later suggestions were made by Member States and pesticide registration authorities that further guidance should be given on the classification of individual pesticides. Guidelines were first issued in 1978, and have since been revised and reissued every few years.

Up until the present revision the original guidelines approved by the World Health Assembly in 1975 have been followed without amendment. In December, 2002 the United Nations Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods and on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (UNCETDG/GHS) approved a document called “*The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals*” with the intent to provide a globally-harmonized system¹ (GHS) to address classification of chemicals, labels, and safety data sheets. The GHS (with subsequent revisions) is now being widely used for the classification and labeling of chemicals worldwide. For this revision of the Classification the WHO Hazard Classes have been aligned in an appropriate way with the GHS Acute Toxicity Hazard Categories for acute oral or dermal toxicity as the starting point for allocating pesticides to a WHO Hazard Class (with adjustments for individual pesticides where required). It is anticipated that few of the more toxic pesticides will change WHO Hazard Class as a result of this change. As has always been the case, the classification of some pesticides has been adjusted to take account of severe hazards to health other than acute toxicity (as described in Part II). The GHS Acute Toxicity Hazard Category for each pesticide is now presented alongside the existing information.

The document is arranged as follows:

Part I: Overarching principles for the classification of pesticides as recommended by the World Health Assembly. These principles continue to apply, but the World Health Assembly Resolution envisaged that the classification criteria might need to be developed with time and increasing experience. The guide-points originally proposed in 1975 are now being aligned with the corresponding Acute Toxicity Hazard Categories from the GHS.

Part II: Guidelines to Classification. Individual products are classified in a series of tables, according to the oral or dermal toxicity of the technical product. The tables are subject to review periodically.

The toxicity values are intended to be a guide only. Formulations should be separately classified using the methods set out on pages 4 (single technical product) and 7 (mixtures) and the table in Part I. To assist in the classification of formulations, an annex is provided giving numerical tables from which the classification may also be derived.

¹ See http://www.unece.org/trans/danger/publi/ghs/ghs_rev03/03files_e.html.

Comments on Part II of the document are welcome, together with proposals for new entries. These should be addressed to the International Programme on Chemical Safety, World Health Organization, 1211 Geneva 27, Switzerland, and should include supporting data on the compound being commented on or proposed.

This document is a revision of the document previously issued as ISBN 92 4 154663 8.

PART I

RECOMMENDED CLASSIFICATION OF PESTICIDES BY HAZARD

Extract from WHO Chronicle, 29: 397-401 (1975)

In 1973, the WHO Executive Board asked the Director-General of WHO to take steps to develop a tentative classification of pesticides that would distinguish between the more and the less hazardous forms of each pesticide. A proposal for a WHO recommended classification of pesticides by hazard was accordingly prepared, taking into account the views of members of the WHO Expert Advisory Panel on Insecticides and other expert advisory panels with special competence and interest in pesticide technology, as well as the comments of WHO Member States and of two international agencies. This proposal was adopted by the Twenty-eighth World Health Assembly, which recommended the use of the classification by Member States, international agencies, and regional bodies.

The text below is reproduced from the Proposal² which was adopted by the World Health Assembly in 1975.

The hazard referred to in this Recommendation is the acute risk to health (that is, the risk of single or multiple exposures over a relatively short period of time) that might be encountered accidentally by any person handling the product in accordance with the directions for handling by the manufacturer or in accordance with the rules laid down for storage and transportation by competent international bodies.

Any classification based on biological data can never be treated as final. In the assessment of biological data, honest differences of opinion are inevitable and most borderline cases can be reclassified in an adjacent class. Variability or inconsistency in toxicity data due to differences in susceptibility of test animals, or to experimental techniques and materials used can also result in differing assessments. The classification criteria are guide-points intended to supplement but never to substitute for special knowledge, sound clinical judgement or experience with a compound. Reappraisal might be necessary from time to time.

Basis of classification

The classification distinguishes between the more and the less hazardous forms of each pesticide in that it is based on the toxicity of the technical compound and on its formulations. [In particular, allowance is made for the lesser hazards from solids as compared with liquids.]³

The classification is based primarily on the acute oral and dermal toxicity to the rat since these determinations are standard procedures in toxicology. Where the dermal LD₅₀⁴ value of a compound is such that it would place it in a more restrictive class than the oral LD₅₀ value would indicate, the compound will always be classified in the more restrictive class. Provision is made for the classification of a particular compound to be adjusted if, for any reason, the acute hazard to man differs from that indicated by LD₅₀ assessments alone.

² Official Record of the World Health Organization 1975, No.223, Part 1, p.12

³ Note:- this distinction is not made in the GHS and no longer applies to the WHO Classification

⁴ The LD₅₀ value is a statistical estimate of the number of mg of toxicant per kg of bodyweight required to kill 50% of a large population of test animals.

Application of the criteria for classification

- (a) Where it is shown that for a particular compound the rat is not the most suitable test animal (for example, if another species is conspicuously more sensitive or more closely resembles man in its reaction) then the classification of that compound should take this into account.
- (b) In practice, the majority of classifications will be made on the acute oral LD₅₀ value. However, dermal toxicity must always be considered since it has been found that, under most conditions of handling pesticides, a high proportion of the total exposure is dermal. Classification based on dermal data in a class indicating a great risk is necessary when the dermal LD₅₀ values indicate greater hazard than oral LD₅₀ values.
- (c) If the active ingredient produces irreversible damage to vital organs, is highly volatile, is markedly cumulative in its effect, or is found after direct observations to be particularly hazardous or significantly allergenic to man, then adjustments to the classification can be made by classifying the compound in a class indicating a higher hazard. Alternatively, if it can be shown that the preparation is less toxic or hazardous than expected from consideration of the LD₅₀ values of the ingredient or ingredients, or for any other reason, adjustments should be made by classifying the compound in a class indicating a lower hazard.
- (d) In certain special cases the acute oral or dermal LD₅₀ values of the compound or formulation should not be used as the main basis for classification. In such cases (for example, aerosol preparations, other special formulations and fumigants), more appropriate criteria should be used.
- (e) It is highly desirable that, whenever practicable, toxicological data for each formulation to be classified should be available from the manufacturer. However, if such data are not obtainable, then the classification may be based on proportionate calculations from the LD₅₀ values of the technical ingredient or ingredients, according to the following formula:

$$\frac{LD_{50} \text{ active ingredient} \times 100}{\text{Percentage of active ingredient in formulation}}$$

If the formulation contains more than one ingredient (including solvents, wetting agents, etc.) of significant toxicity-enhancing properties, then the classification should correspond to the toxicity of the mixed ingredients.

- (f) With a few exceptions, pesticides have low volatility and therefore no criteria are at present set out for volatility in this Recommendation. The inclusion of such criteria is unlikely to affect the classification of pesticides by hazard except in the case of volatile fumigants used in agriculture and food storage. On the other hand, when the criteria are applied to pesticide formulations based on solvents or to other chemicals, account must be taken of volatility and consequent inhalation toxicity.

Effects of classification on labeling⁵

While no specific symbols to identify classes are included in the Recommendation, the following are the general implications of the classification as regards labelling.

The aim should be uniformity in the statement on the nature of the risk (by phrase and/or symbol) on the label of the product, irrespective of the country of origin or use. Labels of products classified in classes Ia and Ib should bear a symbol indicating a high degree of hazard (usually a type of skull and crossbones) and a signal word or phrase, e.g. POISON or TOXIC. The presentation of the symbol and word or phrase, in terms of colour, size and shape should ensure that they are given sufficient prominence on the label.

The text should be in the local language and for all formulations should include the approved name of the active ingredient or ingredients, the method of use, and precautions to be taken in use. For classes Ia and Ib, symptoms and immediate treatment of poisoning should also be included.

The detailed precautions necessary for the use of a pesticide depend on the nature of the formulation and the pattern of use and are best decided by a pesticide registration authority when accepting a commercial label.

There are international agreements on symbols to denote hazards from materials which are inflammable, corrosive, explosive, etc., and these should be consulted and used where appropriate.

Revised criteria for classification (introduced for 2009 update)

The table showing the Recommended Criteria for Classification from the original World Health Assembly Proposal is not shown because it is no longer used. WHO now uses the Acute Toxicity Hazard Categories from the GHS⁶ as the starting point for classification. This change is consistent with the 1975 World Health Assembly Resolution which envisaged that the WHO Classification would be further developed with time in consultation with countries, international agencies and regional bodies. The GHS meets this requirement as a classification system with global acceptance following extensive international consultation.

WHO Class		LD ₅₀ for the rat (mg/kg body weight)	
		Oral	Dermal
Ia	Extremely hazardous	< 5	< 50
Ib	Highly hazardous	5–50	50–200
II	Moderately hazardous	50–2000	200–2000
III	Slightly hazardous	Over 2000	Over 2000
U	Unlikely to present acute hazard	5000 or higher	

Details of how the WHO Classification has been aligned with the GHS Acute Toxicity Hazard Categories are presented in Part II.

⁵ See *International Code of Conduct on the Distribution and Use of Pesticides*, FAO (2003), available at <http://www.fao.org/docrep/005/Y4544E/y4544e00.HTM>; also *Guidelines on Good Labelling Practice for Pesticides*, FAO (1995), available at <http://www.fao.org/ag/AGP/AGPP/Pesticid/Code/Download/label.pdf>

⁶ See http://www.unece.org/trans/danger/publi/ghs/ghs_rev03/03files_e.html. The categories for oral and dermal routes are used.

PART II

GUIDELINES TO CLASSIFICATION OF PESTICIDES BY HAZARD

The main section of the guidelines consists of five tables preceded by notes on their use. In the tables, active ingredients (technical grade) have been classified as follows:

Table 1	EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS (Class Ia) active ingredients (technical grade) of pesticides	19
Table 2	HIGHLY HAZARDOUS (Class Ib) active ingredients (technical grade) of pesticides	21
Table 3	MODERATELY HAZARDOUS (Class II) active ingredients (technical grade) of pesticides.....	24
Table 4	SLIGHTLY HAZARDOUS (Class III) active ingredients (technical grade) of pesticides	34
Table 5	Active ingredients unlikely to present acute hazard in normal use.....	39

The tables are arranged in alphabetical order.

In addition, the following tables show the details stated:

Table 6	Active ingredients not included in the Classification and believed to be obsolete or discontinued for use as pesticides	47
Table 7	Pesticides subject to the prior informed consent (PIC) procedure.....	51
Table 8	List of gaseous or volatile fumigants not classified under the WHO-Recommended classification of pesticides by hazard	53
ANNEX	How to find the hazard class of a formulation.....	54
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	by name of active ingredient.....	65

NOTES ON THE USE OF THE TABLES IN CLASSIFICATION

The final classification of any product is intended to be by formulation

The classification given in the tables below is of active ingredients, and only forms the starting point for the final classification of an actual formulation. It is by far preferable that the final classification of a formulation should be based on toxicity data obtained on that formulation by the manufacturer: the criteria set out in the table of the Classification in Part I are then applied to this first-hand data. Only if this is not available should the formula be used, as shown in Part I on page 4 to extrapolate the LD₅₀ of the formulation from that of the technical product. In this event, the single oral or dermal value of the LD₅₀ given in the tables below should be used in the formula. See also the [Annex](#) on page 54.

The following important points should be noted.

1. While the classification deals only with the acute risk to health, evaluations of other effects, including cancer, have been completed for many compounds for registration purposes. Where other effects have been shown to occur in man, these are noted in the 'Remarks' column and may have in some cases resulted in an adjusted classification.
2. Wherever possible, the data are listed under internationally approved common names, or if such names are not at present available, under nationally approved names. Some other common names appear in the alphabetic index pp. 65-78. Trade names are not given since there are many of these.
3. A list of references that may be used for the identification of pesticides is given at the end of these introductory notes, and the manufacturer should always assist by specifying any existing approved or common names for his product.
4. It is not possible to include classification of mixtures of pesticides in the guidelines: very many of these are marketed with varying concentrations of active constituents. There are three possible approaches to the classification of mixtures - in order of preference:
 - (a) require the formulator to obtain reliable acute oral and dermal toxicity data for rats on the actual mixture as marketed: or
 - (b) classify the formulation according to the most hazardous constituent of the mixture as if that constituent was present in the same concentration as the total concentration of all active constituents: or
 - (c) apply the formula:

$$\frac{C_a}{T_a} + \frac{C_b}{T_b} + \dots + \frac{C_z}{T_z} \equiv \frac{100}{T_m}$$

Where C = the % concentrations of constituent A, B ... Z in the mixture

T = the oral LD₅₀ values of constituents A, B ... Z

T_m = the oral LD₅₀ value of the mixture.

The formula can also be used for dermal toxicities provided that this information is available on the same species for all constituents. The use of this formula does not take into account any potentiation or protective phenomena.

5. In the tables below, single figures have been given as LD₅₀ values for classification purposes, using the route as described in the table. Where several LD₅₀ values have been published, the lowest deemed reliable is used. Where a sex difference occurs in LD₅₀ values, the value for the more sensitive sex is used. A number of adjustments to Classification have been made in respect of some pesticides and these are explained. A borderline case has been classified in the more or less hazardous class after consideration of its toxicology and use experience.
6. In the former WHO Classification scheme pesticides were classified on the basis of the physical state of the technical product. A distinction between liquids and solids is no longer made.
7. In [Table 5](#), a number of pesticides are listed as unlikely to present any acute hazard in normal use. The WHO classification is open-ended but it is clear that there must be a point at which the acute hazard posed by the use of these compounds is so low as to be negligible provided that the precautions are taken that should be used in dealing with any chemical. In compiling this table, it has been assumed that this point is an LD₅₀ of 5000 mg/kg bw or greater (in line with the upper limit for classification in the GHS). However, it should not be overlooked that in formulations of these technical products, solvents or vehicles may present a greater hazard than the actual pesticide and therefore classification of a formulation in one of the higher hazard classes may be necessary.
8. The WHO Classification is not limited to chemical pesticides. Biological pesticides can also be included if a suitable evaluation is available (*Bacillus thuringiensis* is included based on Environmental Health Criteria Document 217).
9. The toxicity data for pyrethroids is highly variable according to isomer ratios, the vehicle used for oral administration, and the husbandry of the test animals e.g. fasting prior to dosing. The variability is reflected in the prefix 'c' before LD₅₀ values. The single LD₅₀ value chosen for classification purposes is generally based on administration in corn oil and can be much lower than that in aqueous solutions. This underlines the need for classification by formulation if the classification is to reflect true hazard.

ENTRIES AND ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE TABLES

New information since the previous edition is indicated by *italics*.

Column 1: Common name. [ISO] denotes common name of the active ingredient approved by the International Organization for Standardization. Such names are, when available, preferred by WHO to all other common names. However, attention is drawn to the fact that some of these names may not be acceptable for national use in some countries. If the letters ISO appear within parentheses (ISO), this indicates that ISO has standardized (or is in the process of standardizing) the name of the base, but not the name of the derivative listed in column 1. For example, fentin acetate (ISO) indicates that fentin is an ISO name, but fentin acetate is not. ISO* denotes pending ISO approval of the name. C denotes chemical, trivial, or other common name.

Column 2: CAS Registry number: The number for the chemical, not those for e.g. different esters or salts are given.

Column 3: UN number refers to the UN Recommendations on the transport of dangerous goods, Eleventh revision (1999). This is given only for active ingredients in [Tables 1, 2, 3](#) or [4](#), since so few ingredients in [Table 5](#) have UN numbers. The UN number refers only to the active ingredient; formulations are likely to have different numbers, since the ingredient may, for example, be dissolved in a solvent - and liquid products have different UN numbers, which depends on their flammability.

Column 4: Chemical type. Only a limited number of chemical types are shown. Most have some significance in the sense that they may have a common antidote, or may be confused in the nomenclature with other chemical types e.g. thiocarbamates are not cholinesterase inhibitors and do not have the same effects as carbamates. Chemical type is also a determinant of the UN numbering system. These chemical classifications are included only for convenience, and do not represent a recommendation on the part of the World Health Organization as to the way in which the pesticides should be classified. It should, furthermore, be understood that some pesticides may fall into more than one type.

AS	Arsenic compound	OP	Organophosphorus compound
BP	Bipyridylium derivative	OT	Organotin compound
C	Carbamate	PAA	Phenoxyacetic acid derivative
CO	Coumarin derivative	PZ	Pyrazole
CU	Copper compound	PY	Pyrethroid
HG	Mercury compound	T	Triazine derivative
NP	Nitrophenol derivative	TC	Thiocarbamate
OC	Organochlorine compound		

Column 5: Physical state. Refers only to the active ingredient. L denotes liquid, including solids with a melting point below 50°C; oil denotes oily liquids and S solids, including waxes. The physical state may affect the exposure potential, and thus the absorbed amount of the chemical, and was taken into account when determining classification under the previous scheme.

Column 6: Main use. In most cases only a single use is given. This is only for identification purposes and does not exclude other uses.

AC	acaricide	L	larvicide
AP	aphicide	M	molluscicide
B	bacteriostat (soil)	MT	miticide
FM	fumigant	N	nematocide
F	fungicide, other than for seed treatment	O	other use for plant pathogens
FST	fungicide, for seed treatment	PGR	plant growth regulator
H	herbicide	R	rodenticide
I	insecticide	RP()	repellant (species)
IGR	insect growth regulator	-S	applied to soil: not used with herbicides or plant growth regulators
Ix	ixodicide (for tick control)	SY	synergist

Column 7: GHS: This column indicates the classification of the pesticide according to “*The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals*” (GHS)⁷. The value shown in the column is the Acute Toxic Hazard Category according to the GHS criteria, which in turn is derived from the acute toxicity estimate value for the substance. In the majority of cases the acute toxicity estimate will be the experimentally-derived LD₅₀ value for oral exposure. A comparison of the criteria (as LD₅₀ values) used for the different classes in the former WHO Scheme or for GHS categories is shown in the tables below. The GHS table shows only a simplified summary; for full details of classification according to GHS the official publication of the GHS should be consulted.

Former WHO Classification Scheme

Class		LD ₅₀ for the rat (mg/kg body weight)			
		Oral		Dermal	
		Solids	Liquids	Solids	Liquids
Ia	Extremely hazardous	5 or less	20 or less	10 or less	40 or less
Ib	Highly hazardous	5 - 50	20 - 200	10-100	40 – 400
II	Moderately hazardous	50 - 500	200 - 2000	100-1000	400 – 4000
III	Slightly hazardous	Over 500	Over 2000	Over 1000	Over 4000

GHS Classification

GHS Category	Classification criteria			
	Oral		Dermal	
	LD ₅₀ ^a (mg/kg bw)	Hazard Statement	LD ₅₀ ^b (mg/kg bw)	Hazard Statement
Category 1	< 5	Fatal if swallowed	< 50	Fatal in contact with skin
Category 2	5 - 50	Fatal if swallowed	50 - 200	Fatal in contact with skin
Category 3	50 - 300	Toxic if swallowed	200 - 1000	Toxic in contact with skin
Category 4	300 - 2000	Harmful if swallowed	1000 - 2000	Harmful in contact with skin
Category 5	2000 - 5000	May be harmful if swallowed	2000 - 5000	May be harmful in contact with skin

^a For oral data the rat is the preferred species, though data from other species may be appropriate when scientifically justified

^b For dermal data the rat or rabbit are the preferred species, though data from other species may be appropriate when scientifically justified

⁷ See http://www.unece.org/trans/danger/publi/ghs/ghs_rev03/03files_e.html. The categories for oral and dermal routes are used

The former WHO Classification scheme applied different criteria to liquids and solids, but the GHS does not make a similar distinction and applies the same criteria. The GHS cut-off values for Category 2 and Category 3 are lower than the values which applied to liquids under the former WHO scheme, such that some liquids allocated to Class Ib would be placed in the lower GHS Category 3 (specifically pesticides with oral LD₅₀ values in the range 50-200 mg/kg bw). In aligning the WHO scheme with the GHS criteria there was no intention to “lower” the classification of pesticides previously considered to be “Highly hazardous”. Therefore, the classification of this limited number of liquid pesticides has been adjusted such that they remain in Class Ib. The revised criteria for the WHO classification scheme are shown in Part I (page 5).

Column 8: LD₅₀. The LD₅₀ value is a statistical estimate of the number of mg of toxicant per kg of body weight required to kill 50% of a large population of test animals: the rat is used unless otherwise stated. Usually a single value, but sometimes a range is given. “c” preceding the value indicates that it is a value within a wider than usual range, adopted for classification purposes. When several different values are reported in the literature, the lowest is reported and used as the basis of classification, unless there are clear indications that a higher value is more reliable. Oral route values are used unless the dermal route values place the compound in a more hazardous class, or unless the dermal values are significantly lower than the oral values, although in the same class. Dermal LD₅₀ values are indicated with the letter D.

Column 9: Remarks. This column is used to indicate cases in which the classification of a technical product has been adjusted (i.e., the oral LD₅₀ value is not directly used as the basis of classification); Major irritant properties are also noted although they do not affect the classification. Sources of further information may also be given here: DS denotes a WHO/FAO Data Sheet on Pesticides, EHC an Environmental Health Criteria monograph, HSG a Health and Safety Guide, IARC IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, ICSC an International Chemical Safety Card, JMPR an evaluation by the Joint FAO/WHO Meeting on Pesticide Residues and JECFA an evaluation by the the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives. These publications (with the exception of IARC Monographs) can be found on the IPCS web site (<http://www.who.int/ipcs/>).

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Table 1. Extremely hazardous (Class Ia) technical grade active ingredients in pesticides

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Aldicarb [ISO]	116-06-3	2757	C	S	I-S	1	0.93	DS 53; EHC 121 ; HSG 64; IARC 53 ; ICSC 94 ; JMPR 1993 , 1996a
Brodifacoum [ISO]	56073-10-0	3027	CO	S	R	1	0.3	DS 57; EHC 175 ; HSG 93
Bromadiolone [ISO]	28772-56-7	3027	CO	S	R	1	1.12	DS 88; EHC 175 ; HSG 94
Bromethalin [ISO]	63333-35-7	2588		S	R	1	2	
Calcium cyanide [C]	592-01-8	1575		S	FM	2	39	Adjusted classification; see note 1; ICSC 407
Captafol [ISO]	2425-06-1			S	F	5	5000	Adjusted classification; see note 2; HSG 49; IARC 53 ; ICSC 119 ; JMPR 1978 , 1986a; see note 3
Chlorethoxyfos [ISO]	54593-83-8	3018	OP	L	I	1	1.8	Extremely hazardous by skin contact (LD ₅₀ = 12.5 mg/kg); ICSC 1681
Chlormephos [ISO]	24934-91-6	3018	OP	L	I	2	7	ICSC 1682
Chlorophacinone [ISO]	3691-35-8	2588		S	R	1	3.1	DS 62; EHC 175
Difenacoum [ISO]	56073-07-5	3027	CO	S	R	1	1.8	EHC 175 ; HSG 95
Difethialone [ISO]	104653-34-1	2588		S	R	1	0.56	EHC 175
Diphacinone [ISO]	82-66-6	2588		S	R	1	2.3	EHC 175
Disulfoton [ISO]	298-04-4	3018	OP	L	I	1	2.6	DS 68; JMPR 1992 , 1997a ; ICSC 1408
EPN	2104-64-5	2783	OP	S	I	2	14	See note 4; ICSC 753
Ethoprophos [ISO]	13194-48-4	3018	OP	L	I-S	2	D26	DS 70; JMPR 2000 ; ICSC 1660 ; [Oral LD ₅₀ = 33 mg/kg]
Flocoumafen	90035-08-8	3027		S	R	1	0.25	EHC 175 ; ICSC 1267
Hexachlorobenzene [ISO]	118-74-1	2729	OC	S	FST	5	D10000	Adjusted classification (notes 3 and 5); IARC 79 ; ICSC 895 ; EHC 195
Mercuric chloride [ISO]	7487-94-7	1624	HG	S	F-S	1	1	See note 3; ICSC 979
Mevinphos [ISO]	26718-65-0	3018	OP	L	I	1	D4	DS 14; ICSC 924 ; JMPR 1998b ; [Oral LD ₅₀ = 3.7 mg/kg]
Parathion [ISO]	56-38-2	3018	OP	L	I	2	13	See note 3; DS 6; HSG 74; IARC 30 , Suppl. 7; ICSC 6 ; JMPR 1996b
Parathion-methyl [ISO]	298-00-0	3018	OP	L	I	2	14	See note 3; DS 7; EHC 145 ; HSG 75; ICSC 626 ; JMPR 1985c , 1996b

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Phenylmercury acetate [ISO]	62-38-4	1674	HG	S	FST	2	24	Adjusted classification; see notes 3 and 6; ICSC 540
Phorate [ISO]	298-02-2	3018	OP	L	I	1	2	DS 75; JMPR 1997b, 2005; ICSC 1060
Phosphamidon	13171-21-6	3018	OP	L	I	2	7	See note 3; DS 74; ICSC 189; JMPR 1987b CAS Nos for E and Z isomers 297-99-4 and 23783-98-4
Sodium fluoroacetate [C]	62-74-8	2629		S	R	1	0.2	DS 16; ICSC 484
Sulfotep [ISO]	3689-24-5	1704	OP	L	I	1	5	ICSC 985
Tebupirimfos [ISO*]	96182-53-5	3018	OP	L	I	1	1.3	Extremely hazardous by skin contact (LD ₅₀ 9.4 mg/kg in rats)
Terbufos [ISO]	13071-79-9	3018	OP	L	I-S	1	c2	JMPR 1991, 2004

EHC = Environmental Health Criteria Monograph; DS = Pesticide Data Sheet; HSG = Health and Safety Guide; IARC = IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans; ICSC = International Chemical Safety Card; JMPR = Evaluation by the Joint FAO/WHO Meeting on Pesticide Residues.

Notes to Class Ia

1. Calcium cyanide is in Class Ia as it reacts with moisture to produce hydrogen cyanide gas. The gas is not classified under the WHO system (see Table 8).
2. Captafol is carcinogenic in both rats and mice.
3. The international trade of captafol, hexachlorobenzene, mercury compounds, parathion, parathion-methyl, and phosphamidon is regulated by the Rotterdam convention on Prior Informed Consent (see <http://www.pic.int/>), which entered into force on 24 February 2004. See Table 7, p. 51
4. EPN has been reported as causing delayed neurotoxicity in hens.
5. Hexachlorobenzene has caused a serious outbreak of porphyria in humans. The use and production of hexachlorobenzene is severely restricted by the Stockholm convention on persistent organic pollutants, which entered into force on 17 May, 2004. See <http://www.pops.int/>
6. Phenylmercury acetate is highly toxic to mammals and very small doses have produced renal lesions: teratogenic in the rat.

THE FINAL CLASSIFICATION OF ANY PRODUCT
DEPENDS ON ITS FORMULATION
See Pages 7 & 8, and the Annex

Table 2. Highly hazardous (Class Ib) technical grade active ingredients in pesticides

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Acrolein [C]	107-02-8	1092	L	H	2	29	EHC 127 ; HSG 67 ; IARC 63 ; ICSC 90	
Allyl alcohol [C]	107-18-6	1098	L	H	3	64	Highly irritant to skin and eyes; ICSC 95 ; <i>Adjusted classification (see note 3)</i>	
Azinphos-ethyl [ISO]	2642-71-9	2783	OP	S	I	2	12	DS 72 ; JMPR 1974
Azinphos-methyl [ISO]	86-50-0	2783	OP	S	I	2	16	DS 59 ; ICSC 826 ; JMPR 1992 , 2009b
Blasticidin-S	2079-00-7	2588	S	F	2	2	16	
Butocarbexim [ISO]	34681-10-2	2992	C	L	I	3	158	JMPR 1986a ; <i>Adjusted classification (see note 3)</i>
Butoxycarbexim [ISO]	34681-23-7	2992	C	L	I	3	D288	<i>Adjusted classification (see note 3)</i>
Cadusafos [ISO]	95465-99-9	3018	OP	L	N,I	2	37	JMPR 1992
Calcium arsenate [C]	7778-44-1	1573	AS	S	I	2	20	EHC 18 , 224 ; IARC 84 ; ICSC 765 ; JMPR 1969
Carbofuran [ISO]	1563-66-2	2757	C	S	I	2	8	DS 56 ; ICSC 122 ; JMPR 1997b , 2003b , 2009a ; <i>See note 2.</i>
Chlorfenvinphos [ISO]	470-90-6	3018	OP	L	I	2	31	ICSC 1305 ; JMPR 1995b
3-Chloro-1,2-propanediol [C]	96-24-2	2689	L	R	3	112	<i>Adjusted classification (see notes 1 and 3)</i>	
Coumaphos [ISO]	56-72-4	2783	OP	S	AC,MT	2	7.1	ICSC 422 ; JMPR 1991
Coumatetrayl [ISO]	5836-29-3	3027	CO	S	R	2	16	
Cyfluthrin [ISO]	68359-37-5		PY	S	I	2	c15	JMPR 2008 ; <i>See note 9, p. 8</i>
Beta-cyfluthrin [ISO]	68359-37-5		PY	S	I	2	c11	JMPR 2008 ; <i>See note 9, p. 8</i>
Zeta-cypermethrin [ISO]	52315-07-8	3352	PY	L	I	3	c86	<i>See note 9, p. 8</i> ; HSG 22 ; ICSC 246 ; JMPR 2008 ; <i>Adjusted classification (see note 3)</i>
Demeton-S-methyl [ISO]	919-86-8	3018	OP	L	I	2	40	DS 61 , EHC 197 ; ICSC 705 ; JMPR 1990
Dichlorvos [ISO]	62-73-7	3018	OP	L	I	3	56	Volatile, DS 2 ; EHC 79 ; HSG 18 ; IARC 20 , 53 ; ICSC 690 ; JMPR 1994 ; <i>Adjusted classification (see note 3)</i>
Dicrotophos [ISO]	141-66-2	3018	OP	L	I	2	22	ICSC 872
Dinoterb [ISO]	1420-07-1	2779	NP	S	H	2	25	

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
DNOC [ISO]	534-52-1	2779	NP	S	I-S,H	2	25	JMPR 1965a; EHC 220; ICSC 462. See note 2.
Eridifenphos [ISO]	17109-49-8	3018	OP	L	F	3	150	JMPR 1982. <i>Adjusted classification (see note 3)</i>
Ethiofencarb [ISO]	29973-13-5	2992	C	L	I	3	200	JMPR 1983. <i>Adjusted classification (see note 3)</i>
Famphur	52-85-7	2783	OP	S	I	2	48	
Fenamiphos [ISO]	22224-92-6	2783	OP	S	N	2	15	DS 92; ICSC 483; JMPR 1998b, 2003b
Flueythrinate [ISO]	70124-77-5	3352	PY	L	I	3	c67	JMPR 1986b; see note 9, p.8, <i>Adjusted classification (see note 3)</i>
Fluoroacetamide [C]	640-19-7	2588		S	R	2	13	ICSC 1434. See note 2
Formetanate [ISO]	22259-30-9	2757	C	S	AC	2	21	
Furathiocarb	65907-30-4	2992	C	L	I-S	2	42	
Heptenophos [ISO]	23560-59-0	3018	OP	L	I	3	96	<i>Adjusted classification (see note 3)</i>
Isoxathion [ISO]	18854-04-8	3018	OP	L	I	3	112	<i>Adjusted classification (see note 3)</i>
Lead arsenate [C]	7784-40-9	1617	AS	S	L	2	c10	EHC 18, 224; IARC 84; ICSC 911; JMPR 1969
Mecarbam [ISO]	2595-54-2	3018	OP	Oil	I	2	36	JMPR 1987a
Mercuric oxide [ISO]	21908-53-2	1641	HG	S	O	2	18	ICSC 981; CICAD 50. See note 2
Methamidophos [ISO]	10265-92-6	2783	OP	S	I	2	30	HSG 79; ICSC 176; JMPR 1991, 2003b; See note 2
Methidathion [ISO]	950-37-8	3018	OP	L	I	2	25	JMPR 1998b; ICSC 1659
Methiocarb [ISO]	2032-65-7	2757	C	S	I	2	20	JMPR 1999
Methomyl [ISO]	16752-77-5	2757	C	S	I	2	17	DS 55, EHC 178; HSG 97; ICSC 177, JMPR 1989, 2002
Monocrotophos [ISO]	6923-22-4	2783	OP	S	I	2	14	See note 2; HSG 80; ICSC 181; JMPR 1996b
Nicotine [ISO]	54-11-5	1654		L		1	D50	ICSC 519
Omethoate [ISO]	1113-02-6	3018	OP	L	I	2	50	JMPR 1997a
Oxamyl [ISO]	23135-22-0	2757	C	S	I	2	6	DS 54; JMPR 1986b, 2003b
Oxydemeton-methyl [ISO]	301-12-2	3018	OP	L	I	3	65	JMPR 1990, 2003b; <i>Adjusted classification (see note 3)</i>
Paris green [C]	12002-03-8	1585	AS	S	L	2	22	Copper-arsenic complex
Pentachlorophenol [ISO]	87-86-5	3155		S	I,F,H	2	D80	See note 2; Irritant to skin; EHC 71; HSG 19; IARC 20, 53; ICSC 69

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Propetamphos [ISO]	31218-83-4	3018	OP	L	I	3	106	<i>Adjusted classification (see note 3)</i>
Sodium arsenite [C]	7784-46-5	1557	AS	S	R	2	10	EHC 224; IARC 84; ICSC 1603
Sodium cyanide [C]	143-33-9	1689		S	R	2	6	ICSC 1118; CICAD 61
Strychnine [C]	57-24-9	1692		S	R	2	16	ICSC 197
Tefluthrin	79538-32-2	3349	PY	S	I-S	2	c22	See note 9, p. 8
Thallium sulfate [C]	7446-18-6	1707		S	R	2	11	DS 10, EHC 182; ICSC 336
Thiofanox [ISO]	39196-18-4	2757	C	S	I-S	2	8	
Thiometon [ISO]	640-15-3	3018	OP	Oil	I	3	120	DS 67; ICSC 580; JMPR 1980; Adjusted classification (see note 3)
Triazophos [ISO]	24017-47-8	3018	OP	L	I	3	82	JMPR 1994, 2003b; Adjusted classification (see note 3)
Vamidothion [ISO]	2275-23-2	3018	OP	L	I	3	103	JMPR 1989; ICSC 758; Adjusted classification (see note 3)
Warfarin [ISO]	81-81-2	3027	CO	S	R	2	10	DS 35, EHC 175; HSG 96; ICSC 821
Zinc phosphide [C]	1314-84-7	1714		S	R	2	45	DS 24, EHC 73; ICSC 602

EHC = Environmental Health Criteria Monograph; DS = Pesticide Data Sheet; HSG = Health and Safety Guide; IARC = IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans; ICSC = International Chemical Safety Card; JMPR = Evaluation by the Joint FAO/WHO Meeting on Pesticide Residues.

Notes to Class Ib

- 3-Chloro-1,2-propanediol in nonlethal dosage is a sterilant for male rats. This compound is also known as alpha chlorhydrin.
- The international trade of carbofuran, DNOC, fluoroacetamide, mercury compounds, methamidophos, monocrotophos and pentachlorophenol is regulated by the Rotterdam convention on Prior Informed Consent (see <http://www.pic.int/>), which entered into force on 24 February 2004. See **Table 7**, p. 51.
- As a precautionary measure, the classification of certain liquid pesticides has been adjusted to avoid those pesticides being assigned to a less hazardous Class in the process of aligning the WHO Classification with the GHS. Details of how the WHO Classification has been aligned with the GHS Acute Toxicity Hazard Categories are described in the introductory notes for Part II.

**THE FINAL CLASSIFICATION OF ANY PRODUCT
DEPENDS ON ITS FORMULATION**
See Pages 7 & 8, and the Annex

Table 3. Moderately hazardous (Class II) technical grade active ingredients in pesticides

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Acephate [ISO]	30560-19-1		OP	S	I	4	945	JMPR 1991, 2003b, 2006b; ICSC 748
Acifluorfen [ISO]	50594-66-6			S	H	4	1370	Strong irritant to eyes
Alachlor [ISO]	15972-60-8	2588		S	H	4	930	See note 1; DS 86; IARC 19, 36, 63; ICSC 371
Alanycarb [ISO]	83130-01-2		C	S	I	4	330	
Allethrin [ISO]	584-79-2		PY	Oil	I	4	c685	See note 9, page 8; EHC 87; HSG 24; ICSC 212; JMPR 1965a
Ametryn [ISO]	834-12-8		T	S	H	4	110	
Amitraz [ISO]	33089-61-1			S	AC	4	800	ICSC 98; JMPR 1999
Anilofos [ISO]	64249-01-0		OP	S	H	4	472	
Azaconazole	60207-31-0			S	F	4	308	
Azamethiphos [ISO]	35575-96-3		OP	S	I	4	1010	
Azocyclotin [ISO]	41083-11-8	2786	OT	S	AC	3	80	JMPR 1990, 1995b, 2006b
Bendiocarb [ISO]	22781-23-3	2757	C	S	I	3	55	DS 52
Benfuracarb [ISO]	82560-54-1	2992	C	L	I	3	205	
Bensulide [ISO]	741-58-2	2902		L	H	3	270	ICSC 383
Bensultap [ISO]	17606-31-4			S	I	4	1100	
Bentazone [ISO]	25057-89-0			S	H	4	1100	HSG 48; ICSC 828; JMPR 1999, 2005
Bifenthrin	82657-04-3	3349	PY	S	I	3	c55	JMPR 1993
Bilanafos [ISO]	71048-99-2			S	H	3	268	
Bioallethrin [C]	584-79-2		PY	L	I	4	c700	See note 2; note 9, p. 8; ICSC 227
Bromoxynil [ISO]	1689-84-5	2588		S	H	3	190	
Bromuconazole	116255-48-2			S	F	4	365	ICSC 1264
Bronopol	52-51-7			S	B	3	254	ICSC 415
Butamifos [ISO]	36335-67-8		OP	L	H	4	630	
Butralin [ISO]	33629-47-9			S	H	4	1049	

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Butoxydim [ISO]	138164-12-2			S	H	4	1635	
Butylamine [ISO]	13952-84-6	1992		L	F	4	380	Irritant to skin; ICSC 401 ; JMPR 1982 , 1985b
Carbaryl [ISO]	63-25-2	2757	C	S	I	3	c300	DS 3; EHC 153 ; HSG 78; IARC 12 , Suppl.7 ; ICSC 121 ; JMPR 1997b , 2002
Carbosulfan [ISO]	55285-14-8	2992	C	L	I	3	250	JMPR 1987a , 2004
Cartap [ISO]	15263-53-3			S	I	4	325	EHC 76 ; JMPR 1996a
Chloralose [C]	15879-93-3			S	R	4	400	
Chlordane [ISO]	57-74-9	2996	OC	L	I	4	460	See notes 3 and 4; DS 36; EHC 34 ; HSG 13; IARC 79 ; ICSC 740 ; JMPR 1995a
Chlorfenapyr [ISO]	122453-73-0			S	I,MT	4	441	
Chloromequat (chloride) [ISO]	999-81-5			S	PGR	4	670	ICSC 781 ; JMPR 2000
Chloroacetic acid [C]	79-11-8	1751		S	H	4	650	Irritant to skin and eyes; data refer to sodium salt; ICSC 235
Chlorophonium chloride [ISO]	115-78-6	2588		S	PGR	3	178	Irritant to skin and eyes
Chlorpyrifos [ISO]	2921-88-2	2783	OP	S	I	3	135	DS 18; ICSC 851 ; JMPR 2000
Clomazone [ISO]	81777-89-1			L	H	4	1369	
Copper hydroxide [C]	20427-59-2		CU	S	F	4	1000	
Copper oxychloride [C]	1332-40-7		CU	S	F	4	1440	
Copper sulfate [C]	7758-98-7		CU	S	F	3	300	ICSC 751
4-CPA [ISO]	122-88-3		PAA	S	PGR	4	850	
Cuprous oxide [C]	1317-39-1		CU	S	F	4	470	ICSC 421 , EHC 200
Cyanazine [ISO]	21725-46-2		T	S	H	3	288	ICSC 391
Cyanophos [ISO]	2636-26-2		OP	L	I	4	610	
Cyhalothrin [ISO]	68085-85-8	3352	PY	Oil	Ix	3	c144	See note 9, p. 8; EHC 99 ; HSG 38; ICSC 858 ; JMPR 1985c ; JECFA 2000b
Cyhexatin [ISO]	13121-70-5		OT	S	AC	3	265	EHC 15 ; JMPR 1995b , 2006b
Cymoxanil [ISO]	57966-95-7			S	F	4	1196	

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks	
Cypermethrin [ISO]	52315-07-8	3352	PY	L	I	3	c250	See note 9, p. 8; DS 58; EHC 82; HSG 22; ICSC 246; JECFA 1996	
Alpha-cypermethrin [ISO]	67375-30-8	3349	PY	S	I	3	c79	See note 9, p. 8; EHC 142; JECFA 1996; JMPR 2008	
Cyphenothrin [(1R)-isomers] [ISO]	39515-40-7	3352	PY	L	I	4	318		
Cyproconazole	94361-06-5			S	F	4	1020		
2,4-D [ISO]	94-75-7	3345	PAA	S	H	4	375	DS 37; EHC 29, 84; HSG 5; IARC 41, Suppl. 7; ICSC 33; JMPR 1998b	
Dazomet [ISO]	533-74-4			S	F-S	4	640	Irritant to skin and eyes; ICSC 786	
2,4-DB	94-82-6			S	H	4	700		
DDT [ISO]	50-29-3	2761	OC	S	I	3	113	See notes 3 and 4; DS 21; EHC 9, 83; IARC 53; ICSC 34; JMPR 1985c, 2001	
Deltamethrin [ISO]	52918-63-5	3349	PY	S	I	3	c135	See note 9, p. 8; DS 50; EHC 97; HSG 30; IARC 53; ICSC 247; JMPR 2001	
Diazinon [ISO]	333-41-5	3018	OP	L	I	4	300	DS 45, EHC 198; ICSC 137; JMPR 1994, 2002, 2008	
Dicamba [ISO]	1918-00-9			S	H	4	1707	ICSC 139	
Dichlorobenzene [C]	106-46-7			S	FM	4	500-5000	Mixture of isomers: ortho (3) 95-50-1, meta (3) 541-73-1, para (2B) 106-46-7; ICSC 37	
Dichlorophen [ISO]	97-23-4			OC	S	F	4	1250	
Dichlorprop [ISO]	7547-66-2			S	H	4	800	ICSC 38	
Diclofop [ISO]	40483-25-2			S	H	4	565		
Dicofol [ISO]	115-32-2			OC	S	AC	4	c690	DS 81; IARC 30; ICSC 752; JMPR 1993
Difenoconazole [ISO]	119446-68-3			S	F	4	1453	JMPR 2009b	
Difenzoquat [ISO]	43222-48-6	2588		S	H	4	470		
Dimepiperate [ISO]	61432-55-1			TC	S	H	4	946	
Dimethachlor [ISO]	50563-36-5			S	H	4	1600		
Dimethipin [ISO]	55290-64-7			S	H	4	1180	JMPR 2000, 2005	

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks	
<i>Dimethenamid [ISO]</i>	87674-68-8			L	H	4	371	LD ₅₀ of P isomer is 429 mg/kg bw; JMPR 2006b	
Dimethylarsinic acid [C]	75-60-5	1572	AS	S	H	4	1350		
Dimethoate [ISO]	60-51-5	2783	OP	S	I	3	c150	DS 42; EHC 90; HSG 20; ICSC 741; JMPR 1997b, 2004	
Diniconazole [ISO]	83657-24-3			S	F	4	639		
Dinobuton [ISO]	973-21-7	2779	NP	S	AC,F	3	140		
Dinocap [ISO]	39300-45-3			S	AC,F	4	980	ICSC 881; JMPR 1999	
Diphenamid [ISO]	957-51-7			S	H	4	970	ICSC 763	
Diquat [ISO]	2764-72-9	2781	BP	S	H	3	231	Irritant to skin and eyes and damages nails; DS 40; EHC 39; HSG 52; JMPR 1994; ICSC 1363	
Dithianon [ISO]	3347-22-6			S	F	4	640	JMPR 1993	
Dodine [ISO]	2439-10-3			S	F	4	1000	JMPR 2001	
Endosulfan [ISO]	115-29-7	2761	OC	S	I	3	80	DS 15; EHC 40; HSG 17; ICSC 742; JMPR 1999	
Endothal-sodium [(ISO)]	125-67-9	2588		S	H	3	51		
EPTC [ISO]	759-94-4			TC	L	H	4	1652	ICSC 469
Esfenvalerate [ISO]	66230-04-4	3349	PY	S	I	3	87	JMPR 2003b; ICSC 1516	
Ethion [ISO]	563-12-2	3018	OP	L	I	3	208	ICSC 888; JMPR 1991	
Fenazaquin [ISO]	120928-09-8	2588		S	AC	3	134		
Fenitrothion [ISO]	122-14-5			OP	L	I	4	503	DS 30; EHC 133; HSG 65; ICSC 622; JMPR 2001
Fenobucarb	3766-81-2			C	S	I	4	620	
Fenothiocarb [ISO]	62850-32-2			C	S	L	4	1150	
Fenpropidin [ISO]	67306-00-7			L	F	4	1440		
Fenpropathrin [ISO]	64257-84-7	3349	PY	S	I	3	c66	See note 9, p. 8; JMPR 1994	
<i>Fenpyroximate [ISO]</i>	<i>134098-61-6</i>			S	AC	3	245	Highly toxic by inhalation (LC ₅₀ = 0.21-0.36 mg/l); JMPR 2007	
Fenthion [ISO]	55-38-9	3018	OP	L	I,L	3	D586	DS 23; ICSC 655; JMPR 1998b	
Fentin acetate[(ISO)]	900-95-8	2786	OT	S	F	3	125	DS 22; EHC 15; JMPR 1992; CICAD 13	

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Fentin hydroxide[(ISO)]	76-87-9	2786	OT	S	F	3	108	DS 22; EHC 15; ICSC 1283; JMPR 1992; CICAD 13
Fenvalerate [ISO]	51630-58-1	3352	PY	L	I	4	c450	See note 9, p. 8; DS 90; EHC 95, HSG 34; IARC 53; ICSC 273; JMPR 1986c
Ferimzone [ISO]	89269-64-7			S	F	4	725	
Fipronil	120068-37-3	2588		S	I	3	92	JMPR 1998b, 2001; ICSC 1503
Fluchloralin [ISO]	33245-39-5			S	H	4	1550	
Flufenacet [ISO]	142459-58-3			S	H	4	600	May cause skin sensitization
Fluoroglycofen	77501-60-1			S	H	4	1550	
Flurprimidol [ISO]	56425-91-3			S	PGR	4	709	
Flusilazole	85509-19-9			S	F	4	672	JMPR 1996b, 2009b
Flutriafol [ISO]	76674-21-0			S	F,FST	4	1140	
Fluxofenim [ISO]	88485-37-4			oil	H	4	670	
Fomesafen [ISO]	72178-02-0		OC	S	H	4	1250	
Fuberidazole [ISO]	3878-19-1			S	F	4	336	
Furalaxyl [ISO]	57646-30-7			S	F	4	940	
Gamma-HCH [ISO], Lindane	58-89-9	2761	OC	S	I	3	88	ICSC 53; JMPR 2003b; See note 3
Glufosinate [ISO]	53369-07-6			S	H	4	1625	JMPR 2000
Guazatine	108173-90-6			S	FST	3	230	LD ₅₀ value refers to triacetate; JMPR 1998b
Haloxypop	69806-34-4			S	H	4	300	JMPR 1996b, 2008 (includes Haloxypop-R and esters)
HCH [ISO]	608-73-1	2761	OC	S	I	3	100	See notes 3, 4 and 5; EHC 123; IARC 5, 20, 42; ICSC 487; JMPR 1974
Hexazinone [ISO]	51235-04-2			S	H	4	1690	
Hydramethylnon	67485-29-4			S	I	4	1200	
Imazalil [ISO]	35554-44-0	2588		S	F	3	227	ICSC 1303; JMPR 2001, 2002, 2006b
Imidacloprid [ISO]	138261-41-3			S	I	4	450	JMPR 2002; ICSC 1501

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Iminoctadine [ISO]	13516-27-3			S	F	3	300	Eye irritant
<i>Indoxacarb</i> [ISO]	173584-44-6			S	I	3	268	<i>JMPR 2006b</i> ; LD ₅₀ applies to 3:1 mixture of isomers in commercial use
Ioxynil [ISO]	1689-83-4	2588		S	H	3	110	ICSC 900
Ioxynil octanoate [(ISO)]	3861-47-0			S	H	4	390	
Iprobenfos	26087-47-8			S	F	4	600	
Isoprocarb [ISO]	2631-40-5	2757	C	S	I	4	403	
Isoprothiolane [ISO]	50512-35-1			S	F	4	1190	
Isoproturon [ISO]	34123-59-6			S	H	4	1800	
Isouron [ISO]	55861-78-4			S	H	4	630	
Lambda-cyhalothrin	2164-08-1	3349	PY	S	I	3	c56	See note 9, p. 8; EHC 142; HSG 38; <i>JMPR 2009b</i> ; ICSC 859
MCPA [ISO]	94-74-6		PAA	S	H	4	700	IARC 30, 41; ICSC 54
MCPA-thioethyl [ISO]	25319-90-8		PAA	S	H	4	790	
MCPB [ISO]	94-81-5			S	H	4	680	
Mecoprop [ISO]	7085-19-0			S	H	4	930	ICSC 55
Mecoprop-P [ISO]	16484-77-8			S	H	4	1050	
Mefluidide [ISO]	53780-34-0			S	H	4	1920	
Mepiquat [ISO]	15302-91-7			S	PGR	4	1490	
Mercurous chloride [C]	10112-91-1	2025	HG	S	F	3	210	See note 3; ICSC 984; <i>CICAD 50</i>
Metalaxyl [ISO]	57837-19-1			S	F	4	670	<i>JMPR 1983, 2003b</i>
Metaldehyde [ISO]	108-62-3			S	M	3	227	DS 93
Metamitron [ISO]	41394-05-2			S	H	4	1183	ICSC 1361
Metam-sodium [(ISO)]	137-42-8	2771		S	F-S	3	285	
Metconazole [ISO]	125116-23-6			S	F	4	660	
Methacrifos [ISO]	62610-77-9		OP	L	I	4	678	<i>JMPR 1991</i>

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Methasulfocarb [ISO]	66952-49-6	2757		S	F	3	112	
Methylarsonic acid [ISO]	124-58-3		AS	S	H	4	1800	ICSC 755; EHC 224
Methyl isothiocyanate [ISO]	556-61-6	2588		S	F-S	3	72	Skin and eye irritant; see note 6
Metolcarb [ISO]	1129-41-5		C	S	I	3	268	
Metribuzin [ISO]	21087-64-9			S	H	4	322	ICSC 516
Molinate [ISO]	2212-67-1		TC	L	H	4	720	
Myclobutanil	88671-89-0			S	F	4	1600	JMPR 1993
Nabam [ISO]	142-59-6	2771		S	F	4	395	Goitrogenic in rats
Naled [ISO]	300-76-5	3018	OP	L	I	4	430	DS 39; ICSC 925
2-Naphthoxyacetic acid [ISO]	120-23-0			S	PGR	4	600	
Nitrapyrin [ISO]	1929-82-4			S	B-S	4	1072	ICSC 1658
Nuarimol [ISO]	63284-71-9			S	F	4	1250	
Oethilnone [ISO]	26530-20-1			S	F	4	1470	
Oxadixyl	77732-09-3			S	F	4	1860	
Paclbutrazol [ISO]	76738-62-0			S	PGR	4	1300	JMPR 1989
Paraquat [ISO]	1910-42-5	2781	BP	S	H	3	150	See note 7; DS 4; EHC 39; HSG 51; ICSC 5; JMPR 1987a, 2004
Pebulate [ISO]	1114-71-2		TC	L	H	4	1120	
Pendimethalin [ISO]	40487-42-1			S	H	4	1050	
Permethrin [ISO]	52645-53-1	3352	PY	L	I	4	c500	See note 9, p. 8; DS 51; EHC 94; HSG 33; IARC 53; ICSC 312; JMPR 2000
Phenthoate [ISO]	2597-03-7	3018	OP	L	I	4	c400	DS 48; JMPR 1985c
Phosalone [ISO]	2310-17-0	2783	OP	S	I	3	120	ICSC 797; JMPR 1998b, 2002
Phosmet [ISO]	732-11-6	2783	OP	S	I,AC	3	113	ICSC 543; JMPR 1999, 2004
Phoxim [ISO]	14816-18-3		OP	L	I	4	D1975	DS 31; JECFA 2000a
Piperophos [ISO]	24151-93-7	3018	OP	oil	H	4	324	

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Pirimicarb [ISO]	23103-98-2	2757	C	S	AP	3	147	JMPR 1983, 2005
Pirimiphos-methyl [ISO]	29232-93-7		OP	L	I	4	1667	DS 49; JMPR 1993, 2008
Prallethrin [ISO]	23031-36-9	3352	PY	oil	I	4	460	
Prochloraz [ISO]	67747-09-5			S	F	4	1600	JMPR 1985a
Profenofos [ISO]	41198-08-7	3018	OP	L	I	4	358	JMPR 1991, 2008
Propachlor [ISO]	1918-16-7			S	H	4	1500	DS 78; EHC 147; HSG 77; JMPR 2002
Propamil [ISO]	709-98-8			S	H	4	c1400	ICSC 552
Propiconazole [ISO]	60207-90-1			L	F	4	1520	JMPR 1988, 2005
Propoxur [ISO]	114-26-1	2757	C	S	I	3	95	DS 25; ICSC 191; JMPR 1990
Prosulfocarb [ISO]	52888-80-9		TC	L	H	4	1820	
Prothiofos [ISO]	34643-46-4		OP	L	I	4	925	
Pyraclufos [ISO]	77458-01-6	3018	OP	L	I	3	237	
Pyrazophos [ISO]	13457-18-6	2784		S	F	4	435	JMPR 1993
Pyrazoxyfen [ISO]	71561-11-0			S	H	4	1644	
Pyrethrins [C]	8003-34-7			L	I	4	500-1000	See note 8; DS 11; JMPR 2000, 2004; ICSC 1475
Pyridaben [ISO]	96489-71-3			S	AC	4	820	
Pyridaphenthion	119-12-0		OP	S	I	4	769	
Pyroquilon [ISO]	57369-32-1			S	F	4	320	
Quinalphos [ISO]	13593-03-8	2783	OP	S	I	3	62	
Quinoclamine [ISO]	2797-51-5			S	H	4	1360	
Quizalofop	76578-12-6			S	H	4	1670	
Quizalofop-p-tefuryl [ISO]	119738-06-6			L	H	4	1012	
Rotenone [C]	83-79-4	2588		S	I	3	132-1500	See note 9; HSG 73; ICSC 944
Simetryn [ISO]	1014-70-6		T	S	H	4	1830	
Sodium chlorate [ISO]	7775-09-9	1495		S	H	4	1200	ICSC 1117

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Spiroxamine [ISO]	118134-30-8			L	F	4	500	Dermal LD ₅₀ 1068 mg/kg; may cause skin sensitisation
Sulfluramid [ISO]	4151-50-2			S	I	4	543	
2,3,6-TBA [ISO]	50-31-7			S	H	4	1500	
TCA [ISO] (acid)	76-03-9	1839		S		4	400	See note 5 to Table 4, p. 38; ICSC 586
Tebuconazole [ISO]	107534-96-3			S	F	4	1700	JMPR 1995b
Tebufenpyrad [ISO]	119168-77-3			S	MT	4	595	
Tebuthiuron [ISO]	34014-18-1			S	H	4	644	
Terbumeton [ISO]	33693-04-8		T	S	H	4	483	
Tetraconazole [ISO]	112281-77-3			Oil	F	4	1031	
Thiacloprid	111988-49-9		S	I		4	396	JMPR 2008
Thiobencarb [ISO]	28249-77-6		TC	L	H	4	1300	
Thioyclam [ISO]	31895-22-4			S	I	4	310	
Thiodicarb [ISO]	59669-26-0	2757	C	S	I	3	66	JMPR 2001
Thiram [ISO]	137-26-8			S	F	4	560	DS 71; EHC 78 ; IARC 12, 53 ; ICSC 757 ; JMPR 1993 ; See note 3
Tralkoxydim [ISO]	87820-88-0			S	H	4	934	
Tralomeethrin	66841-25-6	3349	PY	S	I	3	c85	
Triadimefon [ISO]	43121-43-3			S	F	4	602	JMPR 1986b, 2005
Triadimenol [ISO]	55219-65-3			S	FST	4	900	JMPR 1990, 2005
Triazamate [ISO]	112143-82-5	2588		S	AP	3	50-100	
Trichlorfon [ISO]	52-68-6		OP	S	I	3	250	DS 27; EHC 132 ; HSG 66; IARC 30 , Suppl 7; ICSC 585 ; JMPR 1979 ; JECFA 2000b, 2003
Triclopyr [ISO]	55335-06-3			S	H	4	710	
Tricyclazole [ISO]	41814-78-2			S	F	4	305	
Tridemorph [ISO]	81412-43-3			Oil	F	4	650	
Triflumizole	99387-89-0			S	F	4	695	ICSC 1252

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Uniconazole [ISO]	83657-22-1		S	S	PGR	4	1790	
XMC	2655-14-3		C	S	I	4	542	
Xylycarb	2425-10-7		C	S	I	4	380	
Ziram [ISO]	137-30-4		S	S	F	4	1400	Irritant to skin; DS 73; EHC 78; IARC 12, 53; ICSC 348; JMPR 1997b

EHC = Environmental Health Criteria Monograph; DS= Pesticide Data Sheet; HSG = Health and Safety Guide; IARC = IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans; ICSC = International Chemical Safety Card; JECFA = Evaluation by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives; JMPR = Evaluation by the Joint FAO/WHO Meeting on Pesticide Residues.

Notes to Class II

1. Alachlor was previously classified as a Class Ia pesticide due to its carcinogenicity in rats. However mechanistic studies have indicated that tumors are induced by a mechanism not relevant to humans.
2. Bioallethrin, esbiothrin, esbiol, and esdepaléthrine are members of a series; their toxicity varies considerably within this series, according to concentrations of isomers.
3. The international trade of chlordane, DDT, Gamma-HCH (lindane), HCH, mercury compounds and thiram is regulated by the Rotterdam convention on Prior Informed Consent (see <http://www.pic.int/>), which entered into force on 24 February 2004. See Table 7, p. 51.
4. The production and use of chlordane, DDT, *Gamma-HCH (lindane)* and *HCH (specifically alpha-HCH and beta-HCH)* are strictly limited by the Stockholm convention on persistent organic pollutants, which entered into force on 17 May, 2004 and has subsequently been amended. See <http://www.pops.int/>.
5. HCH: The LD₅₀ varies according to the mixture of isomers. The value shown has been chosen, and the technical product placed in Class II, as a result of the cumulative properties of the beta isomer.
6. The melting point of methyl isothiocyanate (S) is 35°C.
7. Paraquat has serious delayed effects if absorbed. It is of relatively low hazard in normal use but may be fatal if the concentrated product is taken by mouth or spread on the skin.
8. Mixture of compounds present in *Pyrethrum cineræfolium* and other flowers.
9. Compounds from roots of *Derris* and *Lonchocarpus* spp.

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Table 4. Slightly hazardous (Class III) technical grade active ingredients in pesticides

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Acetochlor [ISO]	34256-82-1		L	L	H	5	2950	
Alloxydim	55634-91-8		S	S	H	5	2260	
Ammonium sulfamate	7773-06-0		S	S	H	5	3900	
Ancymidol [ISO]	12771-68-5		S	S	PGR	5	4500	
Asulam [ISO]	3337-71-1		S	S	H	5	4000	
Atrazine [ISO]	1912-24-9		T	S	H	4	c2000	DS 82; HSG 47; IARC 53; ICSC 99
<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> (Bt)	68038-71-1		S	S	I	5	>4000	EHC 217
Benalaxyl [ISO]	71626-11-4		S	S	F	5	4200	JMPR 1988, 2006
Benazolin [ISO]	3813-05-6		S	S	H	5	3200	Irritant to skin and eyes
Benfuresate	68505-69-1		S	S	H	5	2031	
Biphenyl	92-52-4		S	S	F	5	3280	ICSC 106
Bispyribac	125401-75-4		S	S	H	5	2635	
Borax [ISO]	1303-96-4		S	S	F	5	4500	ICSC 567
Bupirimate [ISO]	41483-43-6		S	S	F	5	c4000	
Buprofezin [ISO]	69327-76-0		S	S	I	5	2200	JMPR 1992
Butachlor	23184-66-9		L	L	H	5	3300	
Butylate [ISO]	2008-41-5		TC	L	F	5	>4000	
Carboxin [ISO]	5234-68-4		S	S	FST	5	3820	
Chinomethionat [ISO]	2439-01-2		S	S	AC,F	5	2500	JMPR 1988
Chloridazon [ISO]	1698-60-8		S	S	H	5	2420	
Chlorimuron	99283-00-8		S	S	H	5	4102	
Chlorpyrifos methyl [ISO]	5598-13-0		OP	S	I	5	>3000	DS 33; JMPR 1993
Chlorthal-dimethyl [ISO]	1861-32-1		S	S	H	5	>3000	
Chlozolinate	84332-86-5		S	S	F	5	>4000	

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Cinmethylin	87818-31-3		L	L	H	5	3960	
Clofentazine [ISO]	74115-24-5		S	S	AC	5	>3200	JMPR 1987a, 2006b
Clopyralid	57754-85-5		S	S	H	5	4300	Severe irritant to eyes; ICSC 443
Cycloate [ISO]	1134-23-2		TC	L	H	4	>2000	
Cycloxydim	101205-02-1		S	S	H	5	3900	JMPR 1993
Cyromazine	66215-27-8		S	S	L	5	3300	JMPR 1991
Diafenthiuron [ISO]	80060-09-9		S	S	AC	5	2068	
Dichlobenil [ISO]	1194-65-6		S	S	H	5	3160	ICSC 867
Dichloramid	37764-25-3		L	L	H	5	2080	
Dicloran	99-30-9		S	S	F	5	4000	ICSC 871; JMPR 1999
Diethyltoluamide [ISO]	134-62-3		L	L	RP (insect)	4	c2000	DS 80
Diflubenzuron	35367-38-5		S	S	L	5	>4640	DS 77, EHC 184; HSG 99; JMPR 2002
Diflufenican [ISO]	83164-33-4		S	S	H	4	>2000	
Dimefuron [ISO]	34205-21-5		S	S	H	4	>2000	
Dimethametryn [ISO]	22936-75-0		T	L	H	5	3000	
Dimethirimol	5221-53-4		S	S	F	5	2350	
Dimethomorph [ISO]	110488-70-5		S	S	F	5	3500	JMPR 2009b
Dinitramine [ISO]	29091-05-2		S	S	H	5	3000	
Diuron [ISO]	330-54-1		S	S	H	5	3400	
Dodemorph [ISO]	1593-77-7		L	L	H	5	4500	
Empenthrin [(1R) isomers] [ISO]	54406-48-3		PY	Oil	I	5	>2280	
Esprocarb [ISO]	85785-20-2		TC	L	H	4	>2000	Skin and eye irritant
Ethephon	16672-87-0		S	S	PGR	5	>4000	JMPR 2004; 2003b
Etridiazole [ISO]	2593-15-9		L	L	F	4	2000	

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Fenarimol [ISO]	60168-88-9		S	S	F	5	2500	JMPR 1996b
Fenbuconazole	114369-43-6		S	S	F	4	>2000	JMPR 1998
Fenbutatin oxide [ISO]	13356-08-6		OT	S	MT	5	2630	EHC 15; JMPR 1993
Fenpropimorph	67564-91-4		oil	oil	F	5	3515	JMPR 1995b, 2002, 2005
Fiamprop-M	90134-59-1		S	S	F	5	>3000	
Fluazifop-p-butyl [ISO]	83066-88-0		L	L	H	5	2451	
Flufenoxuron	101463-69-8		S	S	I	5	>3000	
Flurochloridone	61213-25-0		S	S	H	5	4000	
tau-Fluvalinate	102851-06-9		PY	oil	I	5	>3000	Skin and eye irritant
Fosamine [ISO]	25954-13-6		OP	S	H	5	2400	
Glyphosate [ISO]	1071-83-6		S	S	H	5	4230	EHC 159, DS 91; ICSC 160; JMPR 1987a
Halofenozide	112226-61-6		S	S	I	5	2850	
Hexaconazole	79983-71-4		S	S	F	5	2180	JMPR 1991
Hymexazol	10004-44-1		S	S	FST	5	3900	
Iprodione [ISO]	36734-19-7		S	S	F	5	3500	JMPR 1996b
Linuron [ISO]	330-55-2		S	S	H	5	4000	ICSC 1300
Malathion [ISO]	121-75-5	3082	OP	L	I	5	c2100	See note 1; DS 29; IARC 30; ICSC 172; JMPR 1998b, 2004
Metazachlor	67129-08-2		S	S	H	5	2150	
Methabenzthiazuron [ISO]	18691-97-9		S	S	H	5	>2500	
Methylidymron	42609-73-4		S	S	H	5	3948	
Metobromuron [ISO]	3060-89-7		S	S	H	5	2500	
Metolachlor [ISO]	51218-45-2		L	L	H	5	2780	ICSC 1360
Metoxuron	19937-59-8		S	S	H	5	>3200	
Monolinuron	1746-81-2		S	S	H	5	2250	ICSC 1273

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
1-Naphthylacetic acid	86-87-3			S	PGR	5	c3000	
N-octylbicycloheptene dicarboximide [C]	113-48-4			L	SY	5	2800	
Ofurace	58810-48-3			S	F	5	2600	
Oxycarboxin [ISO]	5259-88-1			S	F	4	2000	
Penconazole	66246-88-6			S	F	5	2120	JMPR 1993
2-Phenylphenol [C]	90-43-7			S	F	5	2480	ICSC 669; IARC 30; JMPR 2000
Pimaricin	7681-93-8			S	F	5	2730	See note 2
Probenazole	27605-76-1			S	F	5	2030	
Prometon [ISO]	1610-18-0		T	S	H	5	2980	
Prometryn [ISO]	7287-19-6		T	S	H	5	3150	
Propargite [ISO]	2312-35-8		L	AC	AC	5	2200	JMPR 2000
Pyridate [ISO]	55512-33-9			S	H	5	c2000	
Pyrifenoxy [ISO]	88283-41-4			L	F	4	2900	
Pyrimethanil [ISO]	53112-28-0			S	F	5	4150	JMPR 2009b
Pyriproxyfen sodium [ISO]	123343-16-8			S	H	5	3200	
Quinlorac	84087-01-4			S	H	5	2680	
Resmethrin [ISO]	10453-86-8		PY	S	I	4	2000	See note 3; EHC 92, DS 83, HSG 25; ICSC 324
Sethoxydim [ISO]	74051-80-2			L	H	5	3200	
Spinosad [ISO]	168316-95-8			S	I	5	3738	For Spinosyn A and D, CAS numbers are 131929-60-7 and 131929-63-0; JMPR 2002; ICSC 1502
<i>Spirotetramat</i> [ISO]	203313-25-1			S	I	4	>2000	JMPR 2009a
Sulphur	7704-34-9	1350		S	F,I	5	>3000	Skin and mucous membrane irritant. See note 4; ICSC 1166
TCA (sodium salt) [ISO]	650-51-1			S	H	5	3200	ICSC 1139; Irritant to skin and eyes: see note 5
Temephos [ISO]	3383-96-8		OP	L	I	5	4000	DS 8; ICSC 199; JMPR 2008

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Terbutylazine [ISO]	5915-41-3		T	S	H	5	2160	
Terbutryn [ISO]	886-50-0		T	S	H	5	2400	
Tetrachlorvinphos [ISO]	22248-79-9		OP	S	I	5	4000	
Thiabendazole [ISO]	148-79-8		S	S	F	5	3330	JECFA 1997, 2002
Thidiazuron	51707-55-2		S	S	PGR	5	>4000	
Tri-allate [ISO]	2303-17-5		TC	L	H	5	2165	HSG 89; ICSC 201
Trietazine [ISO]	1912-26-1		T	S	H	5	2830	ICSC 202
Triticonazole [ISO]	131983-72-7		S	S	F	4	>2000	
Undecan-2-one [C]	112-12-9			Oil	RP, (dogs,cats)	5	2500	

EHC = Environmental Health Criteria Monograph; DS = Pesticide Data Sheet; HSG = Health and Safety Guide; IARC = IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans; ICSC = International Chemical Safety Card; JECFA = Evaluation by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives; JMPR = Evaluation by the Joint FAO/WHO Meeting on Pesticide Residues.

Notes to Class III

1. Malathion: LD₅₀ value can vary according to impurities. This value has been adopted for classification purposes and is that of a technical product conforming to WHO specifications.
2. Pimaricin: antibiotic, identical with tennecein and natamycin.
3. Resmethrin is a mixture of isomers, the trans isomer (70-80%) also being known as bioresmethrin and the cis isomer (20-30%) as cismethrin. Bioresmethrin alone is of much lower toxicity (oral LD₅₀ >7000 mg/kg) and is the subject of DS 34. It appears in Table 5.
4. Sulphur dust can spontaneously ignite unless diluted about 50% with inert material.
5. TCA: The data shown refer to sodium trichloroacetic acid. In many countries, the same term (TCA) refers to the free acid (now accepted by ISO): this is a solid with an oral LD₅₀ of 400 mg/kg bw and if used as a pesticide would be placed in Class II. It is highly corrosive to skin.

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Table 5. Technical grade active ingredients of pesticides unlikely to present acute hazard in normal use

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Aclonifen	74070-46-5			S	H	5	>5000	
Acrinathrin [ISO]	101007-06-1		PY	S	MT	5	>5000	
<i>Aminopyralid</i> [ISO]	150114-71-9			S	H	5	>5000	<i>JMPR 2009b</i>
Amitrole [ISO]	61-82-5			S	H	5	5000	EHC 158, DS 79; HSG 85; IARC 79; ICSC 631; JMPR 1998b
Anthraquinone	84-65-1			S	RP (birds)	5	>5000	<i>ICSC 1605</i>
Azimsulfuron [ISO]	120162-55-2			S	H	5	>5000	
Azoxystrobin [ISO]	131860-33-8			S	F	5	>5000	<i>JMPR 2009a</i>
Benfluralin [ISO]	1861-40-1			S	H	5	>10000	
Benomyl [ISO]	17804-35-2			S	F	5	>10000	EHC 148, DS 87; HSG 81; ICSC 382; JMPR 1996b. See note 1
Benoxacor [ISO]	98730-04-2			S	H	5	>5000	This molecule is not an active substance as such but is a "safener"
Bensulfuron-methyl	83055-99-6			S	H	5	>5000	
<i>Bifenazate</i> [ISO]	149877-41-8			S	AC	5	>5000	<i>JMPR 2008</i>
Bifenox [ISO]	42576-02-3			S	H	5	>6400	
Bioresmethrin [ISO]	28434-01-7		PY	L	I	5	>7000	DS 34; EHC 92; HSG 25; ICSC 229; JMPR 1992
Bitertanol	55179-31-2			S	F	5	>5000	<i>JMPR 1999</i>
<i>Boscalid</i> [ISO]	188425-85-6			S	F	5	>5000	<i>JMPR 2008</i>
Bromacil [ISO]	314-40-9			S	H	5	5200	<i>ICSC 1448</i>
Bromobutide	74712-19-9			S	H	5	>5000	
Bromopropylate [ISO]	18181-80-1			S	AC	5	>5000	<i>JMPR 1994</i>
Captan [ISO]	133-06-2			S	F	5	9000	Irritant to skin; DS 9; HSG 50; IARC 30, Suppl 7; ICSC 120; JMPR 1996b, 2005

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Carbendazim [ISO]	10605-21-7			S	F	5	>10000	DS 89; EHC 149; HSG 82; ICSC 1277; JMPR 1996b, 2006b
Carbetamide [ISO]	16118-49-3		C	S	H	5	>10000	
Carpropamid [ISO]	104030-54-8			L	F	5	>5000	
Chloransulam methyl	14750-35-4			S	H	5	>5000	
<i>Chlorantraniliprole</i> [ISO]	500008-45-7			S	I	5	>5000	JMPR 2009a
Chlorfluazuron	71422-67-8			S	IGR	5	8500	
Chlorothalonil [ISO]	1897-45-6			S	F	5	>10000	EHC 183; HSG 98; IARC 30; ICSC 134; JMPR 1993
Chlorotoluron [ISO]	15545-48-9			S	H	5	>10000	ICSC 1327
Chlorpropham [ISO]	101-21-3		C	S	PGR	5	>5000	IARC 12; JMPR 2001; ICSC 1500
Chlorsulfuron	64902-72-3			S	H	5	5545	
Cinosulfuron [ISO]	94593-91-6			S	H	5	>5000	
Clomeprop	84496-56-0			S	H	5	>5000	
Cloxyfonac	32791-87-0		PAA	S	PGR	5	>5000	
Cryolite [C]	15096-52-3			S	I	5	>10000	
Cycloprothrin	63935-38-6		PY	L	I	5	>5000	
Cyclosulfamuron [ISO(*)]	136849-15-5			S	H	5	>5000	
Cyhalofop [ISO]	122008-85-9			S	H	5	>5000	
Daimuron	42609-52-9			S	H	5	>5000	
Dalapon	75-99-0			S	H	5	9330	
Daminozide [ISO]	1596-84-5			S	H	5	8400	JMPR 1993
Desmedipham [ISO]	13684-56-5			S	H	5	>9600	
Dichlofluanid [ISO]	1085-98-9			S	F	5	>5000	JMPR 1985a
Diclomezine	62865-36-5			S	F	5	>10000	
Diclosulam [ISO]	145701-21-9			S	H	5	>5000	
Diethofencarb	87130-20-9			S	F	5	>5000	

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Dikegulac [ISO]	18467-77-1			S	PGR	5	>10000	
Dimethomorph [ISO]	110488-70-5			S	F	5	>5000	
Dimethyl phthalate [C]	131-11-3			L	RP (insect)	5	8200	ICSC 261
Dipropyl isochomerate [C]	3737-22-2			L	RP (fly)	5	5230	
Dithiopyr [ISO]	97886-45-8			S	H	5	>5000	
Ethalfuralin [ISO]	55283-68-6			S	H	5	>10000	
Ethirimol [ISO]	23947-60-6			S	FST	5	6340	
Ethofumesate [ISO]	26225-79-6			S	H	5	>6400	
Ethyl butylacetylaminopropionate	52304-36-6			L	RP (insect)	5	>5000	
Etofenprox	80844-07-1			S	I	5	>10000	JMPR 1994
Famoxadone [ISO(*)]	131807-57-3			S	F	5	>5000	JMPR 2004
Fenchlorazole [ISO]	103112-35-2			S	H	5	>5000	
Fenclorim	3740-92-9			S	H	5	>5000	
Fenfuram [ISO]	24691-80-3			S	FST	5	>10000	
Fenhexamid [ISO]	126833-17-8			S	F	5	>5000	JMPR 2006b
Fenoxycarb	79127-80-3		C	S	I	5	>10000	
Fenpiclonil	74738-17-3			S	FST	5	>5000	
Ferbam [ISO]	14484-64-1			S	F	5	>10000	DS 94; EHC 78; IARC 12, 42; ICSC 792; JMPR 1997b
Florasulam	145701-23-1			S	H	5	>5000	
Flucarbazone-sodium	181274-17-9			S	H	5	> 5000	
Flucycloxuron [ISO]	94050-52-9			S	AC	5	>5000	
Fludioxonil [ISO]	131341-86-1			S	F	5	>5000	JMPR 2006a
Flumetralin	62924-70-3			S	PGR	5	>5000	

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Flumetsulam [ISO]	98967-40-9			S	H	5	>5000	
Fluometuron [ISO]	2164-17-2			S	H	5	>8000	
Flupropanate	756-09-2			S	H	5	>10000	
Flupyrsulfuron [ISO]	144740-54-5			S	H	5	>5000	
Flurenol [ISO]	467-69-6			S	PGR	5	>5000	
Fluridone [ISO]	59756-60-4			S	H	5	>10000	
Fluroxypyr	69377-81-7			S	H	5	>5000	
Fluthiacet	149253-65-6			S	H	5	>5000	
Flutolanil	66332-96-5			S	F	5	>10000	ICSC 1265; JMPR 2003b
Folpet	133-07-3			S	F	5	>10000	HSG 72; ICSC 156; JMPR 1996b
Fosetyl	15845-66-2			S	F	5	5800	
Gibberellic acid	77-06-5			S	PGR	5	>10000	
Hexaflumuron [ISO]	86479-06-3			S	I	5	>5000	ICSC 1266
Hexythiazox	78587-05-0			S	AC	5	>5000	JMPR 1992, 2009a
Hydroprene [ISO]	41205-09-8			L	IGR	5	>10000	
2-Hydroxyethyl octyl sulphide [C]	3547-33-9			L	RP (insect)	5	8530	
Imazamethabenzmethyl [(ISO)]	81405-85-8			S	H	5	>5000	
Imazapyr	81334-34-1			S	H	5	>5000	Irritant to eyes
Imazaquin	81335-37-7			S	H	5	>5000	
Imazethapyr	81335-77-5			S	H	5	>5000	
Imibenconazole [ISO]	86598-92-7			S	F	5	>5000	
Inabenfide	82211-24-3			S	PGR	5	>10000	
Iprovalicarb	140923-17-7			S	F	5	>5000	
Isoxaben	82558-50-7			S	H	5	>10000	

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Kasugamycin	19408-46-9			S	F	5	>10000	
Lenacil [ISO]	2164-08-1			S	H	5	>10000	
Maleic hydrazide [C]	123-33-1			S	PGR	5	6950	IARC 4, 42; JMPR 1997b CAS10071-13-3
Mancozeb	8018-01-7			S	F	5	>8000	Irritant to skin on multiple exposure; DS 94; EHC 78; ICSC 754; JMPR 1994
<i>Mandipropamid</i> [ISO]	374726-62-2			S	F	5	>5000	JMPR 2009a
Maneb [ISO]	12427-38-2			S	F	5	6750	Irritant to skin on multiple exposure; DS 94; EHC 78; ICSC 173; JMPR 1994
Mefenacet	73250-68-7			S	H	5	>5000	
Mepronil [ISO]	55814-41-0			S	F	5	>10000	
Methoprene [ISO]	40596-69-8			L	IGR	5	>10000	DS 47; JMPR 1987b, 2002
Methoxychlor [ISO]	72-43-5		OC	S	I	5	6000	DS 28; IARC 5, 20; ICSC 1306; JMPR 1978
Methoxyfenozide	161050-58-4			S	I	5	>5000	Dermal LD ₅₀ > 5000; JMPR 2004
Metiram	9006-42-2			S	F	5	>10000	JMPR 1994
Metosulam	139528-85-1			S	H	5	>5000	
Metsulfuron methyl	74223-64-6			S	H	5	>5000	
2-(1-Naphthyl) acetamide	86-86-2			S	PGR	5	6400	
Napropamide	15299-99-7			S	H	5	5000	
Naptalam	132-66-1			S	PGR	5	8200	
Neburon [ISO]	555-37-3			S	H	5	>10000	
Niclosamide [ISO]	50-65-7			S	M	5	5000	DS 63
Nicosulfuron [ISO]	111991-09-4			S	H	5	>5000	Irritant to eyes
Nitrothal-isopropyl [ISO]	10552-74-6			S	F	5	6400	
Norflurazon [ISO]	27314-13-2			S	H	5	>8000	
<i>Novalturon</i> [ISO]	116714-46-6			S	I	5	>5000	JMPR 2006b

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Noviflumuron	121451-02-3			S	I	5	>5000	Dermal LD ₅₀ > 5000
Oryzalin [ISO]	19044-88-3			S	H	5	>10000	
Oxabetrinil	74782-23-3			S	H	5	>5000	
Oxadiazon [ISO]	19666-30-9			S	H	5	>8000	
Oxine-copper [ISO]	10380-28-6		CU	S	F	5	7792	
Oxyfluorfen [ISO]	42874-03-3			S	H	5	>5000	
Pencycuron	66063-05-6			S	F	5	>5000	
Penoxsulam	219714-96-2			S	H	5	>5000	Dermal LD ₅₀ > 5000
Pentachlor	2307-68-8			S	H	5	>10000	
Phenmedipham [ISO]	13684-63-4			S	H	5	>8000	
Phenothrin [ISO]	26002-80-2		PY	L	I	5	>5000	DS 85; EHC 96; HSG 32; ICSC 313; JMPR 1989
Phosphorus acid [C]	13598-36-2			L	F	5	>5000	
Phthalide	27355-22-2			S	F	5	>10000	
Picloram [ISO]	1918-02-1			S	H	5	8200	ICSC 1246
Piperonyl butoxide	51-03-6			Oil	SY	5	>7500	IARC 30; JMPR 1996b; ICSC 1347
Pretilachlor [ISO]	51218-49-6			L	H	5	6100	
Primisulfuron [ISO]	113036-87-6			S	H	5	>5050	
Procymidone [ISO]	32809-16-8			S	F	5	6800	JMPR 1990, 2009b
Prodiamine [ISO]	29091-21-2			S	H	5	>5000	
Propamocarb	24579-73-5			S	F	5	8600	JMPR 1987a
Propaquizafop	111479-05-1			S	H	5	>5000	ICSC 1271
Propazine [ISO]	139-40-2		T	S	H	5	>5000	ICSC 697
Propham [ISO]	122-42-9			S	H	5	5000	IARC 12; JMPR 1993
Propineb [ISO]	12071-83-9			S	H	5	8500	DS 94; EHC 78; JMPR 1994
Propyzamide [ISO]	23950-58-5			S	H	5	5620	

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
<i>Prothioconazole [ISO]</i>	178928-70-6			S	F	5	>6200	<i>JMPR 2009a</i>
Pyrazolynate [ISO]	58011-68-0			S	H	5	9550	
Pyrazosulfuron [ISO]	98389-04-9			S	H	5	>5000	
Pyriminobac	136191-56-5			S	H	5	>5000	
Pyriproxyfen [ISO]	95737-68-1			S	I	5	>5000	ICSC 1269; JMPR 2000
Quinmerac [ISO]	90717-03-6			S	H	5	>5000	
Quinoxifen [ISO]	124495-18-7			S	F	5	>5000	<i>JMPR 2008</i>
Quintozene [ISO]	82-68-8			S	F	5	>10000	EHC 41; HSG 23; IARC 5; JMPR 1996b; ICSC 745
Rimsulfuron [C]	122931-48-0			S	H	5	>5000	
Siduron [ISO]	1982-49-6			S	H	5	>7500	
Simazine [ISO]	122-34-9		T	S	H	5	>5000	ICSC 699
<i>Spinetoram [ISO]</i>	<i>187166-40-1</i>			S	I	5	>5000	<i>JMPR 2009a</i>
Sulfometuron	74223-56-6			S	H	5	>5000	
Tebufenozide	112410-23-8			S	I	5	>5000	Dermal LD ₅₀ > 5000; JMPR 1997b, 2004
Tebutam	35256-85-0			Oil	H	5	6210	
Tecnazene [ISO]	117-18-0			S	F	5	>10000	EHC 42; HSG 12; JMPR 1995b
Teflubenzuron	83121-18-0			S	I	5	>5000	JMPR 1995b
Terbacil [ISO]	5902-51-2			S	H	5	>5000	
Tetradifon [ISO]	116-29-0			S	AC	5	>10000	EHC 67; HSG 11; ICSC 747
Tetramethrin [ISO]	7696-12-0		PY	S	O	5	>5000	EHC 98; HSG 31; ICSC 334
Thifensulfuron-methyl	79277-27-3			S	H	5	>5000	
Thiufuzamide	130000-40-7			S	F	5	>5000	Dermal LD ₅₀ > 5000
Thiophanate-methyl [ISO]	23564-05-8			S	F	5	>6000	JMPR 1996b, 1999, 2008
Tiocarbazil	36756-79-3		TC	L	H	5	10000	
Tolclofos-methyl [ISO]	57018-04-9			S	F-S	5	c5000	JMPR 1995b

Common name	CAS no	UN no	Chem type	Phys state	Main use	GHS	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	Remarks
Tolylfluamid [ISO]	731-27-1			S	F	5	>5000	JMPR 1989, 2003b
Transfluthrin [ISO]	118712-89-3		PY	S	I	5	>5000	
Triasulfuron	82097-50-5			S	H	5	>5000	
Tribenuron [ISO]	106040-48-6			S	H	5	>5000	
<i>Trifloxystrobin</i> [ISO]	141517-21-7			S	F	5	>5000	JMPR 2006a
Triflumuron	64628-44-0			S	PGR	5	>5000	
Trifluralin [ISO]	1582-09-8			S	H	5	>10000	IARC 53; ICSC 205
Triflusulfuron-methyl [ISO]	126535-15-7			S	H	5	>5000	
Triforine [ISO]	26644-46-2			S	F	5	>6000	JMPR 1998b
Validamycin	37248-47-8			S	F	5	>10000	
Vinclozolin [ISO]	50471-44-8			S	F	5	10000	JMPR 1996b
Zineb [ISO]	12122-67-7			S	F	5	>5000	DS 94; EHC 78; IARC 12; ICSC 350; JMPR 1994
<i>Zoxamide</i> [ISO]	156052-68-5			S	F	5	>5000	JMPR 2009b

EHC = Environmental Health Criteria Monograph; DS= Pesticide Data Sheet; HSG = Health and Safety Guide; IARC = IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans; ICSC = International Chemical Safety Card; JMPR = Evaluation by the Joint FAO/WHO Meeting on Pesticide Residues.

Notes to [Table 5](#)

- The international trade of benomyl is regulated by the Rotterdam convention on Prior Informed Consent (see <http://www.pic.int/>), which entered into force on 24 February 2004. See [Table 7](#), p. 51.

THE FINAL CLASSIFICATION OF ANY PRODUCT
DEPENDS ON ITS FORMULATION
See Pages 7 & 8, and the Annex

TABLE 6. ACTIVE INGREDIENTS BELIEVED TO BE OBSOLETE OR DISCONTINUED FOR USE AS PESTICIDES

Ingredients discontinued have been identified from the previous edition of this classification, from the Pesticide Manual (Pesticide Manual, 1991, 1994; 1997, 2003), and in some cases from the manufacturer. It is difficult, in some cases, to be sure whether or not all commercial activity in a substance has ceased; some of these materials are known to be still in use for non-agricultural purposes. IPCS will be grateful for details of any materials in this Section, which are still in commercial use. The common name and CAS number are indicated.

Active ingredient	CAS no	Active ingredient	CAS no
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	Butonate	126-22-7
Aldoxycarb	1646-88-4	Butopyronoxyl	532-34-3
Aldrin ^{1,2}	309-00-2	Buturon	3766-60-7
Allidochlor	93-71-0	Calcium cyanamide	156-62-7
Allyxycarb	6392-46-7	Camphechlor ^{1,2}	8001-35-2
Amidithion	919-76-6	Carbamorph	31848-11-0
Aminocarb	2032-59-9	Carbanolate	671-04-5
Anilazine	101-05-3	Carbon disulfide	75-15-0
ANTU	86-88-4	Carbophenothion	786-19-6
Aramite	140-57-8	Chlomethoxyfen	32861-85-1
Arsenous oxide	1327-53-3	Chloramben	133-90-4
Athidathion	19691-80-6	Chloraniformethan	20856-57-9
Atraton	1610-17-9	Chloranil	118-75-2
Aziprotryne	4658-28-0	Chloranocryl	2164-09-2
Azothoate	5834-96-8	Chlorbenside	103-17-3
Barban	101-27-9	Chlorbufam	1967-16-4
Barium carbonate	513-77-9	Chlorbicyclen	2550-75-6
Benodanil	15310-01-7	Chlorbormuron	13360-45-7
Benquinox	495-73-8	Chlordecone	143-50-0
Benzoximate	29104-30-1	Chlordimeform ¹	6164-98-3
Benzoylprop-ethyl	33878-50-1	Chlorfenac	85-34-7
Benzthiazuron	1929-88-0	Chlorfenethol	80-06-8
Binapacryl ¹	485-31-4	Chlorfenprop-methyl	14437-17-3
Bis(tributyltin) oxide	56-35-9	Chlorfenson	80-33-1
Bisthiosemi	39603-48-0	Chlorfensulfide	22274-74-0
Bromocyclen	1715-40-8	Chlorflurenol	2536-31-4
Bromofenoxim	13181-17-4	Chlormebuform	37407-77-5
Bromophos	2104-96-3	Chlormethiuron	28217-97-2
Bromophos-ethyl	4824-78-6	Chlornitrofen	1836-77-7
Bufencarb	8065-36-9	Chlorobenzilate ¹	510-15-6
Butacarb	2655-19-8	Chloroneb	2675-77-6
Butam	35256-85-0	Chloropropylate	5836-10-2
Butenachlor	87310-56-3	Chloroxuron	1982-47-4
Buthidazole	55511-98-3	Chlorquinox	3495-42-9
Buthiobate	51308-54-4	Chlorphoxim	14816-20-7

TABLE 6. ACTIVE INGREDIENTS BELIEVED TO BE OBSOLETE OR DISCONTINUED FOR USE AS PESTICIDES, continued

Active ingredient	CAS no	Active ingredient	CAS no
Chlorthiamid	1918-13-4	Dinex	131-89-5
Chlorthiophos	21923-23-9	Dinocton	32534-96-6
Cloethocarb	51487-69-5	Dinoseb ¹	88-85-7
Clofop	26129-32-8	Dinoseb acetate ¹	2813-95-8
Coumachlor	81-82-3	Dioxabenzophos	3811-49-2
Crimidine	535-89-7	Dioxacarb	6988-21-2
Credazine	14491-59-9	Dioxathion	78-34-2
Crotoxyphos	7700-17-6	Dipropetryn	4147-51-7
Crufomate	299-86-5	Disul	149-26-8
Cyanofenphos	13067-93-1	Ditalimfos	5131-24-8
Cyanthoate	3734-95-0	Drazoxolon	5707-69-7
Cycloheximide	66-81-9	Eglinazine	6616-80-4
Cycluron	2163-69-1	Endothion	2778-04-3
Cyometrinil	63278-33-1	Endrin ²	72-20-8
Cypendazole	28559-00-4	EPBP	3792-59-4
Cyprofuram	69581-33-5	Erbon	136-25-4
Cypromid	2759-71-9	ESP (Oxydeprofos)	2674-91-1
Delachlor	24353-58-0	Etacelasil	37894-46-5
Demephion-O	682-80-4	Etaconazole	60207-93-4
Demephion-S	2587-90-8	Ethidimuron	30043-49-3
Demeton-O	298-03-3	Ethiolate	2941-55-1
Demeton-S	126-75-0	<i>Ethirimol</i>	23947-60-6
Demeton-S-methylsulphon	17040-19-6	Ethoate-methyl	116-01-8
Desmetryn	1014-69-3	Ethohexadiol	94-96-2
Dialifos	10311-84-9	Ethyleneglycolbis (trichloroacetate)	2514-53-6
Di-allate	2303-16-4	Etrimfos	38260-54-7
Diamidafos	1754-58-1	EXD	502-55-6
Dibromochloropropane	96-12-8	Fenaminosulf	140-56-7
Dibutyl phthalate	84-74-2	Fenazaflor	14255-88-0
Dibutyl succinate	141-03-7	Fenchlorphos	299-84-3
Dichlofenthion	97-17-6	Fenitropan	65934-95-4
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	Fenoprop (Silvex)	93-72-1
Dichlozoline	24201-58-9	Fenoxaprop-ethyl	82110-72-3
Diclobutrazol	75736-33-3	Fenson	80-38-6
Dieldrin ^{1,2}	60-57-1	Fensulfothion	115-90-2
Dienochlor	2227-47-0	Fenthiaprop	95721-12-3
Diethatyl	38727-55-8	Fenuron	101-42-8
Difenoxuron	14214-32-5	Fenuron-TCA	4482-55-7
Dimefox	115-26-4	Flamprop	58667-63-3
<i>Dimethirimol</i>	5221-53-4	Fluazifop	69335-91-7
Dimetilan	644-64-4	Flubenzimine	37893-02-0
Dimexano	1468-37-7		

TABLE 6. ACTIVE INGREDIENTS BELIEVED TO BE OBSOLETE OR DISCONTINUED FOR USE AS PESTICIDES, continued

Active ingredient	CAS no	Active ingredient	CAS no
Fluometil	4301-50-2	Malonoben	10537-47-0
Fluorodifen	15457-05-3	Mebenil	7055-03-0
Fluoromide	13577-71-4	Mecarbinzid	27386-64-7
Fluotrimazole	31251-03-3	Mecarphon	29173-31-7
Fluvalinate	69409-94-5	Medinoterb acetate	2487-01-6
Fonofos	944-22-9	Menazon	78-57-9
Formothion	2540-82-1	Mephospholan	950-10-7
Fosmethilan	83733-82-8	Methazole	20354-26-1
Fosthietan	21548-32-3	Methiuron	21540-35-2
Furconazole-cis	112839-32-4	Methoprotryne	841-06-5
Furmecyclox	60568-05-0	Methoxyethylmercury silicate ¹	64491-92-5
Glyodin	556-22-9	Methoxyphenone	41295-28-7
Glyphosine	2439-99-8	Methoxymethyl mercurychloride ¹	123-88-6
Griseofulvin	126-07-8	Methylmercury dicyan-diamide ¹	502-39-6
Halacrinat	34462-96-9	<i>Metobromuron</i>	3060-89-7
Haloxydine	2693-61-0	Metsulfovax	21542-18-6
Heptachlor ^{1,2}	76-44-8	Mexacarbate	315-18-4
Heptopargil	73886-28-9	Mipafos	371-86-8
Hexachloroacetone	116-16-5	Mirex ²	2385-85-5
Hexaflurate	17029-22-0	Monalide	7187-36-7
Hydroxyquinoline sulfate	134-31-6	Monuron	150-68-5
Ipazine	1912-25-0	Monuron-TCA	140-41-0
IPSP	5827-05-4	Morfamquat	4636-83-3
Isazofos	42509-80-8	Myclozolin	54864-61-8
Isobenzan	297-78-9	Naphthalene	91-20-3
Isobornyl thiocyno acetate	115-31-1	Naphthalic anhydride	81-84-5
Isocarbamid	30979-48-7	Nitralin	4726-14-1
Isocil	314-42-1	Nitrilacarb	29672-19-3
Isodrin	465-73-6	Nitrofen	1836-75-5
Isofenphos	25311-71-1	Norbormide	991-42-4
Isomethiozin	57052-04-7	Noruron	2163-79-3
Isonoruron	28805-78-9	Oxapyrazon	4489-31-0
Isopropalin	33820-53-0	Oxydisulfoton	2497-07-6
Isothioate	36614-38-7	Parafluron	7159-99-1
Isoxapyrifop	87757-18-4	Perfluidone	37924-13-3
Jodfenphos	18181-70-9	Phenisopham	57375-63-0
Karbutilate	4849-32-5	Phenkapton	2275-14-1
Kelevan	4234-79-1	Phenobenzuron	3134-12-1
Kinoprene	42588-37-4		
Leptophos	21609-90-5		
Lythidathion	2669-32-1		

TABLE 6. ACTIVE INGREDIENTS BELIEVED TO BE OBSOLETE OR DISCONTINUED FOR USE AS PESTICIDES, continued

Active ingredient	CAS no	Active ingredient	CAS no
Phenylmercurydimethyl-dithiocarbamate ¹	32407-99-1	Sebumeton	26259-45-0
Phenylmercury nitrate ¹	8003-05-2	Sesamex	51-14-9
Phosacetim	4104-14-7	Sodium fluoride	7681-49-4
Phosdiphen	36519-00-3	Sodium hexafluorosilicate	16893-85-9
Phosfolan	947-02-4	Sulfallate	95-06-7
Pindone	83-26-1	Sulfoxide	120-62-7
Piproctanyl	69309-47-3	Sulprofos	35400-43-2
Pirimiphos-ethyl	23505-41-1	SWEP	1918-18-9
Potassium cyanate	590-28-3	2,4,5-T ¹	93-76-5
Profluralin	26399-36-0	TDE	72-54-8
Proglinazine	68228-20-6	TEPP	107-49-3
Promacyl	34264-24-9	Terbucarb	1918-11-2
Promecarb	2631-37-0	Tetrasul	2227-13-6
Propaphos	7292-16-2	Thiazafluron	25366-23-8
Propyl isome	83-59-0	Thicyofen	116170-30-0
Prothiocarb	19622-08-3	Thionazin	297-97-2
Prothoate	2275-18-5	Thiophanate	23564-06-9
Proxan	108-25-8	Thioquinox	93-75-4
Pydanon	22571-07-9	Triamiphos	1031-47-6
Pyracarbolid	24691-76-7	Triapenthenol	76608-88-3
Pyridinitril	1086-02-8	Triarimol	26766-27-8
Quinacetol sulfate	57130-91-3	Tricamba	2307-49-5
Quinonamid	27541-88-4	Trichlamide	70193-21-4
Ryania	8047-13-0	Trichloronat	327-98-0
Sabadilla	8051-02-3	Tridiphane	58138-08-2
Salicylanilide	87-17-2	Trifenmorph	1420-06-3
Schradan	152-16-9	Trimethacarb	12407-86-2
Scilliroside	507-60-8	Vernolate	1929-77-7

¹ The international trade of aldrin, binapacryl, camphechlor (toxaphene), chlordimeform, chlorobenzilate, dieldrin, dinoseb and dinoseb salts, heptachlor, mercury compounds, and 2,4,5-T is regulated by the Rotterdam convention on Prior Informed Consent (see <http://www.pic.int/>), which entered into force on 24 February 2004, with subsequent amendments. See Table 7, p. 51.

² The use and production of aldrin, camphechlor (toxaphene), *chlordecone*, dieldrin, endrin, heptachlor and mirex is prohibited or severely restricted by the Stockholm convention on persistent organic pollutants, which entered into force on 17 May, 2004, with subsequent amendments. See <http://www.pops.int/>

Table 7. Pesticides subject to the Rotterdam Convention¹

Class	Pesticide	CAS number
O	Aldrin ²	309-00-2
O	Binapacryl	485-31-4
Ia	Captafol	2425-06-1
II	Chlordane ²	57-74-9
O	Chlordimeform	6164-98-3
O	Chlorobenzilate	510-15-6
II	DDT ²	50-29-3
	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	106-93-4
O	Dieldrin ²	60-57-1
O	Dinoseb and dinoseb salts	88-85-7
Ib	DNOC and its salts (such as ammonium salt, potassium salt and sodium salt)	534-52-1; 2980-64-5; 5787-96-2; 2312-76-7
	Ethylene dichloride	107-06-2
	Ethylene oxide	75-21-8
Ib	Fluoroacetamide	640-19-7
II	HCH (mixed isomers)	608-73-1
O	Heptachlor ²	76-44-8
Ia	Hexachlorobenzene ²	118-74-1
II	Lindane ²	58-89-9
	Mercury compounds, including inorganic mercury compounds, alkyl mercury compounds and alkyloxyalkyl and aryl mercury compounds	
Ib	Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5
O	2,4,5-T	93-76-5
O	Campechlor (Toxaphene)	8001-35-2
	Dustable powder formulations containing a combination of benomyl at or above 7%, carbofuran at above 10%, thiram at or above 15%	17804-35-2; 1563-66-2; 137-26-8
Ib	Methamidophos (soluble liquid formulations of the substance that exceed 600 g active ingredient/L)	10265-92-6
Ia	Methyl-parathion (emulsifiable concentrates (EC) with 19.5%, 40%, 50%, 60% active ingredient and dusts containing 1.5%, 2% and 3% active ingredient)	298-00-0
Ib	Monocrotophos (all formulations)	6923-22-4

Ia	Parathion (all formulations – aerosols, dustable powder (DP), emulsifiable concentrate (EC), granules (GR) and wettable powders (WP) of this substance are included, except capsule suspensions (CS))	56-38-2
Ia	Phosphamidon (soluble liquid formulations of the substance that exceed 1000 g active ingredient/L)	13171-21-6 [mixture, (E) & (Z) isomers] 23783-98-4 [(Z)-isomer] 297-99-4 [(E)-isomer]
Tributyltin compounds, including: tributyltin oxide; tributyltin benzoate; tributyltin chloride; tributyltin fluoride; tributyltin linoleate; tributyltin methacrylate; tributyltin naphthenate		

¹ According to the Rotterdam Convention, export of a chemical can only take place with the prior informed consent of the importing Party. The Prior Informed Consent (PIC) procedure is a means for formally obtaining and disseminating the decisions of importing countries as to whether they wish to receive future shipments of a certain chemical and for ensuring compliance to these decisions by exporting countries. The aim is to promote a shared responsibility between exporting and importing countries in protecting human health and the environment from the harmful effects of such chemicals (further information can be found at: <http://www.pic.int/>). The Rotterdam Convention (which entered into force on 24 February 2004) built on the voluntary PIC procedure which was initiated by UNEP and FAO in 1989.

² The use and production of aldrin, chlordane, DDT, dieldrin, heptachlor, hexachlorobenzene and lindane is prohibited or severely restricted by the Stockholm convention on persistent organic pollutants, which entered into force on 17 May, 2004. See <http://www.pops.int/>

TABLE 8. GASEOUS OR VOLATILE FUMIGANTS NOT CLASSIFIED UNDER THE WHO RECOMMENDED CLASSIFICATION OF PESTICIDES BY HAZARD

The Classification does not set out any criteria for air concentrations on which classification could be based. Most of these compounds are of high hazard and recommended exposure limits for occupational exposure have been adopted by national authorities in many countries.

Pesticide	CAS number	Remarks
Aluminium phosphide	20859-73-8	DS 46; EHC 73; HSG 28; JMPR 1967
Chloropicrin	76-06-2	JMPR 1965b
1,2-Dibromoethane	106-93-4	EHC 177; IARC 15
1,3-Dichloropropene	542-75-6	EHC 146; HSG 76; IARC 41
Ethylene dichloride	107-06-2	EHC 62, 176; HSG 55; IARC 20
Ethylene oxide	75-21-8	EHC 55; HSG 16; JMPR 1969; IARC 11, 36, 42
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	EHC 89; HSG 57
Hydrogen cyanide	74-90-8	JMPR 1965b
Magnesium phosphide	12057-74-8	EHC 73; HSG 28
Methyl bromide	74-83-9	DS 5; EHC 166; HSG 86; IARC 41, 45; JMPR 1967
Phosphine	7803-51-2	DS 46; EHC 73; HSG 28; JMPR 1967
Sulfuryl fluoride	2699-79-8	<i>JMPR 2006b</i>

EHC = Environmental Health Criteria Monograph; DS = Pesticide Data Sheet; HSG = Health and Safety Guide; IARC = IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans; ICSC = International Chemical Safety Card; JMPR = Evaluation by the Joint FAO/WHO Meeting on Pesticide Residues.

ANNEX

HOW TO FIND THE HAZARD CLASS OF A FORMULATION

The following [tables A](#) and [B](#) can be used to find the hazard class of a formulation. These should be used only if toxicity data is not available on the formulation itself; see the [note](#) at the top of page 7.

The tables should be used as follows:

Step 1: What is the approved name of the active ingredient in the pesticide? Use the index to find the entry in [tables 1-5](#) of the Guidelines.

Step 2: From the entry in the Guidelines, what is the route of application used for the classification?

If the route is O (oral), use table A of this Annex. The same table is used for solids and liquids.

If the route is D (dermal), use table B of this Annex. The same table is used for solids and liquids.

Step 3: From the entry in the Guidelines, what is the LD₅₀ of the active ingredient?

Using the table A or B, selected in Step 2, find the column along the top line which most nearly includes the LD₅₀ figure.

Step 4: What is the concentration % of the active ingredient in the formulation?

Using the same table A or B, find the figure in the left hand column which most nearly includes this percentage figure.

Step 5: Find the square where the column selected in Step 3 crosses the line selected in Step 4. The number in this square is the approximate LD₅₀ of the formulation.

Step 6: The hazard classes are shown by blocks of squares. The hazard class of the formulation is that of the block in which lies the square selected in Step 5.

These tables can also be used to find the hazard class of mixtures. First see [page 7](#), para. 4 of the Guidelines and select the method to be used to arrive at the LD₅₀ of the mixture. For method (b), use the above method from Step 1, using the name of the more or most toxic ingredient. For method (c), pass to Step 4 using the total percentages of all active ingredients in the mixture.

Table A. LD₅₀ values and classification of formulations when the route is ORAL

First row = Oral LD₃₀ of the active ingredient

First column = Percent concentration of the active ingredient in the formulation

	Class Ia										Class II										Class III																	
	3	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	60	80	100	120	140	160	180	200	250	300	350	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000	
100	1	3	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	60	80	100	120	140	160	180	200	250	300	350	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000
95	1	3	5	11	16	21	26	32	37	42	47	53	63	84	105	126	147	168	189	211	263	316	368	421	526	632	737	842	947	1053	1579	2105	2632	3158	3684	4211	4737	
90	1	3	6	11	17	22	28	33	39	44	50	56	67	89	111	133	156	178	200	222	278	333	389	444	556	667	778	889	1000	1111	1667	2222	2778	3333	3889	4444	5000	
85	1	4	6	12	18	24	29	35	41	47	53	59	71	94	118	141	165	188	212	235	294	353	412	471	588	706	824	941	1059	1176	1765	2353	2941	3529	4118	4706		
80	1	4	6	13	19	25	31	38	44	50	56	63	75	100	125	150	175	200	225	250	313	375	438	500	625	750	875	1000	1125	1250	1875	2500	3125	3750	4375	5000		
75	1	4	7	13	20	27	33	40	47	53	60	67	80	107	133	160	187	213	240	267	333	400	467	533	667	800	933	1067	1200	1333	2000	2667	3333	4000	4667			
70	1	4	7	14	21	29	36	43	50	57	64	71	86	114	143	171	200	229	257	286	357	429	500	571	714	857	1000	1143	1286	1429	2143	2857	3571	4286	5000			
65	2	5	8	15	23	31	38	46	54	62	69	77	92	123	154	185	215	246	277	308	385	462	538	615	769	923	1077	1231	1385	1538	2308	3077	3846	4615				
60	2	5	8	17	25	33	42	50	58	67	75	83	100	133	167	200	233	267	300	333	417	500	583	667	833	1000	1167	1333	1500	1667	2500	3333	4167	5000				
55	2	5	9	18	27	36	45	55	64	73	82	91	109	145	182	218	255	291	327	364	455	545	636	727	909	1091	1273	1455	1636	1818	2727	3636	4545					
50	2	6	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	120	160	200	240	280	320	360	400	500	600	700	800	1000	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	3000	4000	5000					
45	2	7	11	22	33	44	56	67	78	89	100	111	133	178	222	267	311	356	400	444	556	667	778	889	1111	1333	1556	1778	2000	2222	3333	4444						
40	3	8	13	25	38	50	63	75	88	100	113	125	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	625	750	875	1000	1250	1500	1750	2000	2250	2500	3750	5000						
35	3	9	14	29	43	57	71	86	100	114	129	143	171	229	286	343	400	457	514	571	714	857	1000	1143	1429	1714	2000	2286	2571	2857	4286							
30	3	10	17	33	50	67	83	100	117	133	150	167	200	267	333	400	467	533	600	667	833	1000	1167	1333	1667	2000	2333	2667	3000	3333	5000							
25	4	12	20	40	60	80	100	120	140	160	180	200	240	320	400	480	560	640	720	800	1000	1200	1400	1600	2000	2400	2800	3200	3600	4000								
20	5	15	25	50	75	100	125	150	175	200	225	250	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1250	1500	1750	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000								
15	7	20	33	67	100	133	167	200	233	267	300	333	400	533	667	800	933	1067	1200	1333	1667	2000	2333	2667	3333	4000	4667											
10	10	30	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	5000													
5	20	60	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1200	1600	2000	2400	2800	3200	3600	4000	5000																	
3	33	100	167	333	500	667	833	1000	1167	1333	1500	1667	2000	2667	3333	4000	4667																					
1	100	300	500	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	5000																											
0.5	200	600	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000																															
0.3	333	1000	1667	3333	5000																																	
0.1	1000	3000	5000																																			
0.05	2000																																					

UNLIKELY

TO PRESENT

A ACUTE HAZARD

IN NORMAL USE

Table B. LD₅₀ values and classification of formulations when the route is DERMAL

First row = Dermal LD₅₀ of the active ingredient

First column = Percent concentration of the active ingredient in the formulation

	Class Ia										Class Ib										Class II										Class III									
	1	5	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	120	140	160	180	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000				
100	1	5	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	120	140	160	180	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000				
95	1	5	11	21	32	42	53	63	74	84	95	105	126	147	168	189	211	263	316	368	421	474	526	632	737	842	947	1053	1579	2105	2632	3158	3684	4211	4737					
90	1	6	11	22	33	44	56	67	78	89	100	111	133	156	178	200	222	278	333	389	444	500	556	667	778	889	1000	1111	1667	2222	2778	3333	3889	4444	5000					
85	1	6	12	24	35	47	59	71	82	94	106	118	141	165	188	212	235	294	353	412	471	529	588	706	824	941	1059	1176	1765	2353	2941	3529	4118	4706						
80	1	6	13	25	38	50	63	75	88	100	113	125	150	175	200	225	250	313	375	438	500	563	625	750	875	1000	1125	1250	1875	2500	3125	3750	4375	5000						
75	1	7	13	27	40	53	67	80	93	107	120	133	160	187	213	240	267	333	400	467	533	600	667	800	933	1067	1200	1333	2000	2667	3333	4000	4667							
70	1	7	14	29	43	57	71	86	100	114	129	143	171	200	229	257	286	357	429	500	571	643	714	857	1000	1143	1286	1429	2143	2857	3571	4286	5000							
65	2	8	15	31	46	62	77	92	108	123	138	154	185	215	246	277	308	385	462	538	615	692	769	923	1077	1231	1385	1538	2308	3077	3846	4615								
60	2	8	17	33	50	67	83	100	117	133	150	167	200	233	267	300	333	417	500	583	667	750	833	1000	1167	1333	1500	1667	2500	3333	4167	5000								
55	2	9	18	36	55	73	91	109	127	145	164	182	218	255	291	327	364	455	545	636	727	818	909	1091	1273	1455	1636	1818	2727	3636	4545									
50	2	10	20	40	60	80	100	120	140	160	180	200	240	280	320	360	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	3000	4000	5000									
45	2	11	22	44	67	89	111	133	156	178	200	222	267	311	356	400	444	556	667	778	889	1000	1111	1333	1556	1778	2000	2222	3333	4444										
40	3	13	25	50	75	100	125	150	175	200	225	250	300	350	400	450	500	625	750	875	1000	1125	1250	1500	1750	2000	2250	2500	3750	5000										
35	3	14	29	57	86	114	143	171	200	229	257	286	343	400	457	514	571	714	857	1000	1143	1286	1429	1714	2000	2286	2571	2857	4286											
30	3	17	33	67	100	133	167	200	233	267	300	333	400	467	533	600	667	833	1000	1167	1333	1500	1667	2000	2333	2667	3000	3333	5000											
25	4	20	40	80	120	160	200	240	280	320	360	400	480	560	640	720	800	1000	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	2400	2800	3200	3600	4000												
20	5	25	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1250	1500	1750	2000	2250	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000												
15	7	33	67	133	200	267	333	400	467	533	600	667	800	933	1067	1200	1333	1667	2000	2333	2667	3000	3333	4000	4667															
10	10	50	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000																	
5	20	100	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	2400	2800																										
3	33	167	333	667	1000	1333	1667	2000	2333	2667	3000	3333	4000	4667																										
1	100	500	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000																																	
0.5	200	1000	2000	4000																																				
0.3	333	1667	3333																																					
0.1	1000	5000																																						

UNLIKELY

TO PRESENT

ACUTE HAZARD

IN NORMAL USE

Pesticide active ingredients, which occur in Tables 1-8, in CAS no order

For each active ingredient, the classification (Ia, Ib, II, III, or U (unlikely to pose an acute hazard in normal use, O (obsolete), FM (fumigant), and page number(s) are given.

CAS no	Class	Page	CAS no	Class	Page	CAS no	Class	Page
50-00-0	FM	53	78-87-5	O	48	99-30-9	III	35
50-29-3	II	26, 51	79-11-8	III	34	101-05-3	O	47
50-31-7	II	32	80-06-8	O	47	101-21-3	U	40
50-65-7	U	43	80-33-1	O	47	101-27-9	O	47
51-03-6	U	44	80-38-6	O	48	101-42-8	O	48
52-51-7	II	24	81-81-2	Ib	23	103-17-3	O	47
52-68-6	II	32	81-82-3	O	48	106-46-7	II	26
52-85-7	Ib	22	81-84-5	O	49	107-02-8	Ib	21
54-11-5	Ib	22	82-66-6	Ia	19	107-06-2	FM	51, 53
55-38-9	II	27	82-68-8	U	45	107-13-1	O	47
56-35-9	O	47	83-26-1	O	50	107-18-6	Ib	21
56-38-2	Ia	20, 52	83-59-0	O	50	107-49-3	O	50
56-72-4	Ib	21	83-79-4	II	31	108-25-8	O	50
57-24-9	Ib	23	84-65-1	U	39	108-62-3	II	29
57-74-9	II	25, 51	84-74-2	O	48	112-12-9	III	38
58-89-9	II	28, 51	85-34-7	O	47	113-48-4	III	37
60-51-5	II	27	86-50-0	Ib	21	114-26-1	II	31
60-57-1	O	48, 51	86-86-2	U	43	115-26-4	O	48
61-82-5	U	39	86-87-3	III	37	115-29-7	II	27
62-38-4	Ia	20, 51	86-88-4	O	47	115-31-1	O	49
62-73-7	Ib	21	87-17-2	O	50	115-32-2	II	26
62-74-8	Ia	20	87-86-5	Ib	22, 51	115-78-6	II	25
63-25-2	II	25	88-85-7	O	48, 51	115-90-2	O	48
66-81-9	O	48	90-43-7	III	37	116-01-8	O	48
72-20-8	O	48	91-20-3	O	49	116-06-3	Ia	19
72-43-5	U	43	92-52-4	III	34	116-16-5	O	49
72-54-8	O	50	93-71-0	O	47	116-29-0	U	45
74-83-9	FM	53	93-72-1	O	48	117-18-0	U	45
74-90-8	FM	53	93-75-4	O	50	118-74-1	Ia	19, 51
75-15-0	O	47	93-76-5	O	50, 51	118-75-2	O	47
75-21-8	FM	51, 53	94-74-6	II	29	119-12-0	II	31
75-60-5	II	27	94-75-7	II	26	120-23-0	II	30
75-99-0	U	40	94-81-5	II	29	120-62-7	O	50
76-03-9	II	32	94-82-6	II	26	121-75-5	III	36
76-06-2	FM	53	94-96-2	O	48	122-14-5	II	27
76-44-8	O	49, 51	95-06-7	O	50	122-34-9	U	45
76-87-9	II	28	96-12-8	O	48	122-42-9	U	44
77-06-5	U	41	96-24-2	Ib	21	122-88-3	III	35
78-34-2	O	48	97-17-6	O	48	123-33-1	U	43
78-57-9	O	49	97-23-4	II	26	123-88-6	O	49, 51

Pesticide active ingredients, which occur in Tables 1-8, in CAS no order, continued

For each active ingredient, the classification (Ia, Ib, II, III, or U (unlikely to pose an acute hazard in normal use, O (obsolete), FM (fumigant), and page number(s) are given.

CAS no	Class	Page	CAS no	Class	Page	CAS no	Class	Page
124-58-3	II	30	300-76-5	II	30	682-80-4	O	48
125-67-9	II	27	301-12-2	Ib	22	709-98-8	II	31
126-07-8	O	49	309-00-2	O	47, 51	731-27-1	U	46
126-22-7	O	47	314-40-9	U	39	732-11-6	II	30
126-75-0	O	48	314-42-1	O	49	741-58-2	II	24
131-11-3	U	41	315-18-4	O	49	756-09-2	U	42
131-89-5	O	48	327-98-0	O	50	759-94-4	II	27
132-66-1	U	43	330-54-1	III	35	786-19-6	O	47
133-06-2	U	39	330-55-2	III	36	834-12-8	II	24
133-07-3	U	42	333-41-5	II	26	841-06-5	O	49
133-90-4	O	47	371-86-8	O	49	886-50-0	III	38
134-31-6	O	49	465-73-6	O	49	900-95-8	II	27
134-62-3	III	35	467-69-6	U	42	919-76-6	O	47
136-25-4	O	48	470-90-6	Ib	21	919-86-8	Ib	21
137-26-8	II	32, 51	485-31-4	O	47, 51	944-22-9	O	49
137-30-4	II	33	495-73-8	O	47	947-02-4	O	50
137-42-8	II	29	502-39-6	O	49, 51	950-10-7	O	49
139-40-2	U	44	502-55-6	O	48	950-37-8	Ib	22
140-41-0	O	49	507-60-8	O	50	957-51-7	II	27
140-56-7	O	48	510-15-6	O	47, 51	973-21-7	II	27
140-57-8	O	47	513-77-9	O	47	991-42-4	O	49
141-03-7	O	48	532-34-3	O	47	999-81-5	II	25
141-66-2	Ib	21	533-74-4	II	26	1014-69-3	O	48
142-59-6	II	30	534-52-1	Ib	22, 51	1014-70-6	II	31
143-33-9	Ib	23	535-89-7	O	48	1031-47-6	O	50
143-50-0	O	47	542-75-6	FM	53	1071-83-6	III	36
148-79-8	III	38	555-37-3	U	43	1085-98-9	U	40
149-26-8	O	48	556-22-9	O	49	1086-02-8	O	50
150-68-5	O	49	556-61-6	II	30	1113-02-6	Ib	22
152-16-9	O	50	563-12-2	II	27	1114-71-2	II	30
156-62-7	O	47	584-79-2	II	24	1129-41-5	II	30
297-78-9	O	49	584-79-2	II	24	1134-23-2	III	35
297-97-2	O	50	590-28-3	O	50	1194-65-6	III	35
297-99-4	Ia	20, 52	592-01-8	Ia	19	1303-96-4	III	34
298-00-0	Ia	19, 51	608-73-1	II	28, 51	1314-84-7	Ib	23
298-02-2	Ia	20	640-15-3	Ib	23	1317-39-1	II	25
298-03-3	O	48	640-19-7	Ib	22, 51	1327-53-3	O	47
298-04-4	Ia	19	644-64-4	O	48	1332-40-7	II	25
299-84-3	O	48	650-51-1	III	37	1420-06-3	O	50
299-86-5	O	48	671-04-5	O	47	1420-07-1	Ib	21

Pesticide active ingredients, which occur in Tables 1-8, in CAS no order, continued

For each active ingredient, the classification (Ia, Ib, II, III, or U (unlikely to pose an acute hazard in normal use, O (obsolete), FM (fumigant), and page number(s) are given.

CAS no	Class	Page	CAS no	Class	Page	CAS no	Class	Page
1468-37-7	O	48	2163-69-1	O	48	2655-19-8	O	47
1563-66-2	Ib	21, 51	2163-79-3	O	49	2669-32-1	O	49
1582-09-8	U	46	2164-08-1	II	29	2674-91-1	O	48
1593-77-7	U	41	2164-08-1	U	43	2675-77-6	O	47
1596-84-5	U	40	2164-09-2	O	47	2693-61-0	O	49
1610-17-9	O	47	2164-17-2	U	42	2699-79-8	FM	53
1610-18-0	III	37	2212-67-1	II	30	2759-71-9	O	48
1646-88-4	O	47	2227-13-6	O	50	2764-72-9	II	27
1689-83-4	II	29	2227-47-0	O	48	2778-04-3	O	48
1689-84-5	II	24	2275-14-1	O	49	2797-51-5	II	31
1698-60-8	III	34	2275-18-5	O	50	2813-95-8	O	48
1715-40-8	O	47	2275-23-2	Ib	23	2921-88-2	II	25
1746-81-2	III	36	2303-16-4	O	48	2980-64-5	Ib	22, 51
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1836-75-5	O	49	2307-49-5	O	50	3060-89-7	U	43
1836-77-7	O	47	2307-68-8	U	44	3134-12-1	O	49
1861-32-1	III	34	2310-17-0	II	30	3337-71-1	III	34
1861-40-1	U	39	2312-35-8	III	37	3347-22-6	II	27
1897-45-6	U	40	2312-76-7	Ib	22, 51	3383-96-8	III	37
1910-42-5	II	30	2385-85-5	O	49	3495-42-9	O	47
1912-24-9	III	34	2425-06-1	Ia	19, 51	3547-33-9	U	42
1912-25-0	O	49	2425-10-7	II	33	3689-24-5	Ia	20
1912-26-1	III	38	2439-01-2	II	25	3691-35-8	Ia	19
1918-00-9	II	26	2439-10-3	II	27	3734-95-0	O	48
1918-02-1	U	44	2439-99-8	O	49	3737-22-2	U	41
1918-11-2	O	50	2487-01-6	O	49	3740-92-9	U	41
1918-13-4	O	48	2497-07-6	O	49	3766-60-7	O	47
1918-16-7	II	31	2514-53-6	O	48	3766-81-2	II	27
1929-77-7	O	50	2536-31-4	O	47	3792-59-4	O	48
1929-82-4	II	30	2540-82-1	O	49	3811-49-2	O	48
1929-88-0	O	47	2550-75-6	O	47	3813-05-6	III	34
1967-16-4	O	47	2587-90-8	O	48	3861-47-0	II	29
1982-47-4	O	47	2593-15-9	III	35	3878-19-1	II	28
1982-49-6	U	45	2595-54-2	Ib	22	4104-14-7	O	50
2008-41-5	III	34	2597-03-7	II	30	4147-51-7	O	48
2032-59-9	O	47	2631-37-0	O	50	4151-50-2	II	32
2032-65-7	Ib	22	2631-40-5	II	29	4234-79-1	O	49
2079-00-7	Ib	21	2636-26-2	II	25	4301-50-2	O	49
2104-64-5	Ia	19	2642-71-9	Ib	21	4482-55-7	O	48
2104-96-3	O	47	2655-14-3	II	33	4489-31-0	O	49

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4636-83-3	O	49	7778-44-1	Ib	21	13598-36-2	U	44
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4726-14-1	O	49	7784-46-5	Ib	23	13684-63-4	U	44
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5131-24-8	O	48	8003-05-2	O	50, 51	14255-88-0	O	48
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5234-68-4	III	34	8018-01-7	U	43	14484-64-1	U	41
5259-88-1	III	37	8051-02-3	O	50	14491-59-9	O	48
5598-13-0	III	34	8065-36-9	O	47	14750-35-4	U	40
5707-69-7	O	48	9006-42-2	U	43	14816-18-3	II	30
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5827-05-4	O	49	10071-13-3	U	43	15096-52-3	U	40
5834-96-8	O	47	10112-91-1	II	29, 51	15263-53-3	II	25
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6164-98-3	O	47, 51	10537-47-0	O	49	15545-48-9	U	40
6392-46-7	O	47	10552-74-6	U	43	15845-66-2	U	42
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6988-21-2	O	48	12057-74-8	FM	53	16118-49-3	U	40
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7085-19-0	II	29	12122-67-7	U	46	16672-87-0	III	35
7159-99-1	O	49	12407-86-2	O	50	16752-77-5	Ib	22
7187-36-7	O	49	12427-38-2	U	43	16893-85-9	O	50
7287-19-6	III	37	12771-68-5	III	34	17029-22-0	O	49
7292-16-2	O	50	13067-93-1	O	48	17040-19-6	O	48
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7696-12-0	U	45	13356-08-6	III	36	18467-77-1	U	41
7700-17-6	O	48	13360-45-7	O	47	18691-97-9	III	36
7704-34-9	III	37	13457-18-6	II	31	18854-04-8	Ib	22
7758-98-7	II	25	13516-27-3	II	29	19044-88-3	U	44
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7775-09-9	II	31	13593-03-8	II	31	19622-08-3	O	50

Pesticide active ingredients, which occur in Tables 1-8, in CAS no order, continued

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20354-26-1	O	49	25319-90-8	II	29	32791-87-0	U	40
20427-59-2	II	25	25366-23-8	O	50	32809-16-8	U	44
20856-57-9	O	47	25954-13-6	III	36	32861-85-1	O	47
20859-73-8	FM	53	26002-80-2	U	44	33089-61-1	II	24
21087-64-9	II	30	26087-47-8	II	29	33245-39-5	II	28
21540-35-2	O	49	26129-32-8	O	48	33629-47-9	II	24
21542-18-6	O	49	26225-79-6	U	41	33693-04-8	II	32
21548-32-3	O	49	26259-45-0	O	50	33820-53-0	O	49
21609-90-5	O	49	26399-36-0	O	50	33878-50-1	O	47
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21923-23-9	O	48	26718-65-0	Ia	19	34205-21-5	III	35
22224-92-6	Ib	22	26766-27-8	O	50	34256-82-1	III	34
22248-79-9	III	38	27314-13-2	U	43	34264-24-9	O	50
22259-30-9	Ib	22	27355-22-2	U	44	34462-96-9	O	49
22274-74-0	O	47	27386-64-7	O	49	34643-46-4	II	31
22571-07-9	O	50	27541-88-4	O	50	34681-10-2	Ib	21
22781-23-3	II	24	27605-76-1	III	37	34681-23-7	Ib	21
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23031-36-9	II	31	28249-77-6	II	32	35256-85-0	U	45
23103-98-2	II	31	28434-01-7	U	39	35367-38-5	III	35
23135-22-0	Ib	22	28559-00-4	O	48	35400-43-2	O	50
23184-66-9	III	34	28772-56-7	Ia	19	35554-44-0	II	28
23505-41-1	O	50	28805-78-9	O	49	35575-96-3	II	24
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23564-05-8	U	45	29091-21-2	U	44	36519-00-3	O	50
23564-06-9	O	50	29104-30-1	O	47	36614-38-7	O	49
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23947-60-6	III	35	29232-93-7	II	31	36756-79-3	U	45
23950-58-5	U	44	29672-19-3	O	49	37248-47-8	U	46
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24151-93-7	II	30	30043-49-3	O	48	37764-25-3	III	35
24201-58-9	O	48	30560-19-1	II	24	37893-02-0	O	48
24353-58-0	O	48	30979-48-7	O	49	37894-46-5	O	48
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24691-76-7	O	50	31251-03-3	O	49	38260-54-7	O	48
24691-80-3	U	41	31848-11-0	O	47	38727-55-8	O	48

Pesticide active ingredients, which occur in Tables 1-8, in CAS no order, continued

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39196-18-4	Ib	23	53369-07-6	II	28	61432-55-1	II	26
39300-45-3	II	27	53780-34-0	II	29	62610-77-9	II	29
39515-40-7	II	26	54406-48-3	III	35	62850-32-2	II	27
39603-48-0	O	47	54593-83-8	Ia	19	62865-36-5	U	40
40483-25-2	II	26	54864-61-8	O	49	62924-70-3	U	41
40487-42-1	II	30	55179-31-2	U	39	63278-33-1	O	48
40596-69-8	U	43	55219-65-3	II	32	63284-71-9	II	30
41083-11-8	II	24	55283-68-6	U	41	63333-35-7	Ia	19
41198-08-7	II	31	55285-14-8	II	25	63935-38-6	U	40
41205-09-8	U	42	55290-64-7	II	26	64249-01-0	II	24
41295-28-7	O	49, 51	55335-06-3	II	32	64257-84-7	II	27
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41483-43-6	III	34	55512-33-9	III	37	64628-44-0	U	46
41814-78-2	II	32	55634-91-8	III	34	64902-72-3	U	40
42509-80-8	O	49	55814-41-0	U	43	65907-30-4	Ib	22
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42588-37-4	O	49	56073-07-5	Ia	19	66063-05-6	U	44
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42609-73-4	U	43	56425-91-3	II	28	66230-04-4	II	27
42874-03-3	U	44	57018-04-9	U	45	66246-88-6	III	37
43121-43-3	II	32	57052-04-7	O	49	66332-96-5	U	42
43222-48-6	II	26	57130-91-3	O	50	66841-25-6	II	32
50471-44-8	U	46	57369-32-1	II	31	66952-49-6	II	30
50512-35-1	II	29	57375-63-0	O	49	67129-08-2	III	36
50563-36-5	II	26	57646-30-7	II	28	67306-00-7	II	27
50594-66-6	II	24	57754-85-5	III	35	67375-30-8	II	26
51218-45-2	III	36	57837-19-1	II	29	67485-29-4	II	28
51218-49-6	U	44	57966-95-7	II	25	67564-91-4	III	36
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51308-54-4	O	47	58138-08-2	O	50	68038-71-1	III	34
51487-69-5	O	48	58667-63-3	O	48	68085-85-8	II	25
51630-58-1	II	28	58810-48-3	III	37	68228-20-6	O	50
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52304-36-6	U	41	59756-60-4	U	42	68505-69-1	III	34
52315-07-8	II	26	60168-88-9	III	36	69309-47-3	O	50
52315-07-8	Ib	21	60207-31-0	II	24	69327-76-0	III	34
52645-53-1	II	30	60207-90-1	II	31	69335-91-7	O	48
52888-80-9	II	31	60207-93-4	O	48	69377-81-7	U	42
52918-63-5	II	26	60568-05-0	O	49	69409-94-5	O	49
53112-28-0	III	37	61213-25-0	III	36	69581-33-5	O	48

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69806-34-4	II	28	82110-72-3	O	48	96489-71-3	II	31
70124-77-5	Ib	22	82211-24-3	U	42	97886-45-8	U	41
70193-21-4	O	50	82558-50-7	U	42	98389-04-9	U	45
71048-99-2	II	24	82560-54-1	II	24	98730-04-2	U	39
71422-67-8	U	40	82657-04-3	II	24	98967-40-9	U	42
71561-11-0	II	31	83055-99-6	U	39	99283-00-8	III	34
71626-11-4	III	34	83066-88-0	III	36	99387-89-0	II	32
72178-02-0	II	28	83121-18-0	U	45	101007-06-1	U	39
73250-68-7	U	43	83130-01-2	II	24	101205-02-1	III	35
73886-28-9	O	49	83164-33-4	III	35	101463-69-8	III	36
74051-80-2	III	37	83657-22-1	II	33	102851-06-9	III	36
74070-46-5	U	39	83657-24-3	III	35	103112-35-2	U	41
74115-24-5	III	35	83733-82-8	O	49	104030-54-8	U	40
74223-56-6	U	45	84087-01-4	III	37	104653-34-1	Ia	19
74223-64-6	U	43	84332-86-5	III	34	106040-48-6	U	46
74712-19-9	U	39	84496-56-0	U	40	107534-96-3	II	32
74738-17-3	U	41	85509-19-9	II	28	108173-90-6	II	28
74782-23-3	U	44	85785-20-2	III	35	110235-47-7	U	43
75736-33-3	O	48	86479-06-3	U	42	110488-70-5	U	41
76578-12-6	II	31	86598-92-7	U	42	111479-05-1	U	44
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76674-21-0	II	28	87310-56-3	O	47	111988-49-9	II	32
76738-62-0	II	30	87674-68-8	II	27	112143-82-5	II	32
77458-01-6	II	31	87757-18-4	O	49	112226-61-6	III	36
77501-60-1	II	28	87818-31-3	II	25	112281-77-3	II	32
77732-09-3	II	30	87820-88-0	II	32	112410-23-8	U	45
78587-05-0	U	42	88283-41-4	III	37	112839-32-4	O	49
79127-80-3	U	41	88485-37-4	II	28	113036-87-6	U	44
79277-27-3	U	45	88671-89-0	II	30	114369-43-6	III	36
79538-32-2	Ib	23	89269-64-7	II	28	116170-30-0	O	50
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80060-09-9	III	35	90134-59-1	III	36	116714-46-6	U	43
80844-07-1	U	41	90717-03-6	U	45	118134-30-8	II	32
81334-34-1	U	42	94050-52-9	U	41	118712-89-3	U	46
81335-37-7	U	42	94361-06-5	II	26	119168-77-3	II	32
81335-77-5	U	42	94593-91-6	U	40	119446-68-3	II	26
81405-85-8	U	42	95465-99-9	Ib	21	119738-06-6	II	31
81412-43-3	II	32	95721-12-3	O	48	120068-37-3	II	28
81777-89-1	II	25	95737-68-1	U	45	120162-55-2	U	39
82097-50-5	U	46	96182-53-5	Ia	20	120928-09-8	II	27

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For each active ingredient, the classification (Ia, Ib, II, III, or U (unlikely to pose an acute hazard in normal use, O (obsolete), FM (fumigant), and page number(s) are given.

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122008-85-9	U	40	131983-72-7	III	38	150114-71-9	U	39
122453-73-0	II	25	134098-61-6	II	27	156052-68-5	U	46
122931-48-0	U	45	136191-56-5	U	45	161050-58-4	U	43
123343-16-8	III	37	136849-15-5	U	40	168316-95-8	III	37
124495-18-7	U	45	138164-12-2	II	24	173584-44-6	II	29
125116-23-6	II	29	138261-41-3	II	28	178928-70-6	U	45
125401-75-4	III	34	139528-85-1	U	43	181274-17-9	U	41
126535-15-7	U	46	140923-17-7	U	42	187166-40-1	U	45
126833-17-8	U	41	141517-21-7	U	46	188425-85-6	U	39
130000-40-7	U	45	142459-58-3	II	28	203313-25-1	III	37
131341-86-1	U	41	144740-54-5	U	42	219714-96-2	U	44
131807-57-3	U	41	145701-21-9	U	40	374726-62-2	U	43
131860-33-8	U	39	145701-23-1	U	41	500008-45-7	U	40
131929-60-7	U	45	149253-65-6	U	42			

INDEX. CLASSIFICATION OF ACTIVE PESTICIDE INGREDIENTS

Ia = Extremely hazardous; Ib = Highly hazardous; II = Moderately hazardous;
 III = slightly hazardous; U = Unlikely to present acute hazard in normal use;
 FM = Fumigant, not classified; O = Obsolete as pesticide, not classified.

Common name	Class	Page	Common name	Class	Page
Acephate	II	24	Atrazine	III	34
Acetochlor	III	34	Azaconazole	II	24
Acifluorfen	II	24	Azamethiphos	II	24
Aclonifen	U	39	Azimsulfuron	U	39
Acrinathrin	U	39	Azidithion (Menazon)	O	47
Acrolein	Ib	21	Azinphos-ethyl	Ib	21
Acrylonitrile	O	47	Azinphos-methyl	Ib	21
Alachlor	II	24	Aziprotryne	O	47
Alanycarb	II	24	Azocyclotin	II	24
Aldicarb	Ia	19	Azothoate	O	47
Aldoxycarb	O	47	Azoxystrobine	U	39
Aldrin	O	47, 51	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>	III	34
Allethrin	II	24	Barban	O	47
Allidochlor	O	47	Barium carbonate	O	47
Alloxydim	III	34	Benalaxyl	III	34
Allyl alcohol	Ib	21	Benazolin	III	34
Allyxycarb	O	47	Bendiocarb	II	24
Alphachlorohydrin, <i>see</i> 3-Chloro-2,3-propanediol	Ib	21	Benefin, <i>see</i> Benfluralin	U	39
Alpha-cypermethrin	II	24	Benfluralin	U	39
Aluminium phosphide	FM	53	Benfuracarb	II	24
Ametryn	II	24	Benfuresate	III	34
Amidithion	O	47	Benodanil	O	47
Aminocarb	O	47	Benomyl	U	39, 51
<i>Aminopyralid</i>	U	39	Benoxacor	U	39
Aminotriazole, <i>see</i> Amitrole	U	39	Benquinox	O	47
Amitraz	II	24	Bensulfuron-methyl	U	39
Amitrole	U	39	Bensulide	II	24
Ammonium sulfamate	III	34	Bensultap	II	24
Ancymidol	III	34	Bentazone	II	24
Anilazine	O	47	Bentrodine, <i>see</i> Benfluralin	U	39
Anilofos	II	24	Benzamidazole (Isoxaben)	U	42
Anthraquinone	U	39	Benzofofos, <i>see</i> Phosalone	II	30
ANTU	O	47	Benzoximate	O	47
Aramite	O	47	Benzoylprop-ethyl	O	47
Arsenous oxide	O	47	Benzthiazuron	O	47
Asulam	III	34	BHC, <i>see</i> HCH	II	28
Athidathion	O	47	<i>Bifenazate</i>	U	39
Atraton	O	47	Bifenox	U	39
			Bifenthrin	II	24

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Common name	Class	Page	Common name	Class	Page
Bilanafos	II	24	Butoxycarboxim	Ib	21
Binapacryl	O	47, 51	Butralin	II	24
Bioallethrin	II	24	Butroxydim	II	25
Bioresmethrin	U	39	Buturon	O	47
Biphenyl	III	34	Butylamine	II	25
Bis(tributyltin) oxide	O	47	Butylate	III	34
Bispyribac	III	34	Cacodylic acid, <i>see</i> Dimethylarsinic acid	II	27
Bisthiosemi	O	47	Cadusafos	Ib	21
Bitertanol	U	39	Calcium arsenate	Ib	21
Blasticidin-S	Ib	21	Calcium cyanamide	O	47
BMPC, <i>see</i> Fenobucarb	II	27	Calcium cyanide	Ia	19
Borax	III	34	Camphechlor	O	47
<i>Boscalid</i>	U	39	Captafol	Ia	19, 51
Brodifacoum	Ia	19	Captan	U	39
Bromacil	U	39	Carbamorph	O	47
Bromadiolone	Ia	19	Carbanolate	O	47
Bromethalin	Ia	19	Carbaryl	II	25
Bromobutide	U	39	Carbendazim	U	40
Bromocyclen	O	47	Carbetamide	U	40
Bromofenoxim	O	47	Carbofos, <i>see</i> Malathion	III	36
Bromophos	O	47	Carbofuran	Ib	21, 51
Bromophos-ethyl	O	47	Carbon disulfide	O	47
Bromopropylate	U	39	Carbophenothion	O	47
Bromoxynil	II	24	Carbosulfan	II	25
Bromuconazole	II	24	Carboxin	III	34
Bronopol	II	24	Carpropamid	U	40
Bufencarb	O	47	Cartap	II	25
Bupirimate	III	34	Chinomethionat	III	34
Buprofezin	III	34	Chlomethoxyfen	O	47
Butacarb	O	47	Chloralose	II	25
Butachlor	III	34	Chloramben	O	47
Butam	O	47	<i>Chlorantraniliprole</i>	U	40
Butamifos	II	24	Chloraniformethan	O	47
Butenachlor	O	47	Chloranil	O	47
Buthidazole	O	47	Chloranocryl	O	47
Buthiobate	O	47	Chloransulam methyl	U	40
Butocarboxim	Ib	21	Chlorbenside	O	47
Butonate	O	47	Chlorbicyclen	O	47
Butopyronoxyl	O	47			

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Chlorbromuron	O	47	Chlorphenamidine (Chlordimeform)	O	47, 51
Chlorbufam	O	47	Chlorphonium chloride	O	47
Chlordane	II	25, 51	Chlorphoxim	O	47
Chlordecone	O	47	Chlorpropham	U	40
Chlordimeform	O	47, 51	Chlorpyrifos	II	25
Chlorethoxyfos	Ia	19	Chlorpyrifos methyl	III	34
Chlorfenac	O	47	Chlorquinox	O	47
Chlorfenapyr	II	25	Chlorsulfuron	U	40
Chlorfenethol	O	47	Chlorthal-dimethyl	III	34
Chlorfenidin (Monuron)	O	49	Chlorthiamid	O	48
Chlorfenprop-methyl	O	47	Chlorthiophos	O	48
Chlorfenson	O	47	Chlozolate	III	34
Chlorfensulfide	O	47	Cinmethylin	III	35
Chlorfenvinphos	Ib	21	Cinosulfuron	U	40
Chlorfluazuron	U	40	Cismethrin, <i>see</i> Resmethrin	III	37
Chlorflurecol, <i>see</i> Chlorflurenol	O	47	Citrex, <i>see</i> Dodine	II	27
Chlorflurenol	O	47	Cloethocarb	O	48
Chloridazon	III	34	Clofentezine	III	35
Chlorimuron	III	34	Clofop	O	48
Chlormebuform	O	47	Clomazone	II	25
Chlormephos	Ia	19	Clomeprop	U	40
Chlormequat (chloride)	II	25	Clonitralide, <i>see</i> Niclosamide	U	43
Chlormethiuron	O	47	Clopyralid	III	35
Chlornitrofen	O	47	Cloxyfonac	U	40
Chloroacetic acid	II	25	CNA, <i>see</i> Dicloran	III	35
Chlorobenzilate	O	47, 51	COMU (Cycluron)	O	48
Chlorocholine chloride, <i>see</i> Chlormequat (chloride)	II	25	Copper hydroxide	II	25
Alphachlorohydrin, <i>see</i> 3-Chloro-2,3-propanediol	Ib	21	Copper oxychloride	II	25
Chloroneb	O	47	Copper sulfate	II	25
Chlorophacinone	Ia	19	Coumachlor	O	48
Chloropicrin	FM	53	Coumaphos	Ib	21
3-Chloro-1,2-propanediol	Ib	21	Coumatetralyl	Ib	21
Chloropropylate	O	47	4-CPA	III	35
Chlorothalonil	U	40	Credazine	O	48
Chlorotoluron	U	40	Crimidine	O	48
Chloroxuron	O	47	Crotoxyphos	O	48
			Crufomate	O	48
			Cryolite	U	40

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Common name	Class	Page	Common name	Class	Page
Cuprous oxide	II	25	2,4-DB	II	26
CVP, <i>see</i> Chlorfenvinphos	Ib	21	DDT	II	26, 51
Cyanazine	II	25	DDVF, <i>see</i> Dichlorvos	Ib	21
Cyanofenphos	O	48	DDVP, <i>see</i> Dichlorvos	Ib	21
CYAP, <i>see</i> Cyanophos	II	25	DEET, <i>see</i> Diethyltoluamide	III	35
Cyanophos	II	25	Dehydroacetic acid (Disul)	O	48
Cyanthoate	O	48	Delachlor	O	48
Cycloate	III	35	Delnav (Dioxathion)	O	48
Cycloheximide	O	48	Deltamethrin	II	26
Cycloprothrin	U	40	Demephion-O	O	48
Cyclosulfamuron	U	40	Demephion-S	O	48
Cycloxydim	III	35	Demeton-O	O	48
Cycluron	O	48	Demeton-S	O	48
Cyfluthrin	Ib	21	Demeton-S-methyl	Ib	21
Beta-cyfluthrin	Ib	21	Demeton-S-methylsulphon	O	48
Cyhalofop	U	40	2,4-DES (Disul)	O	48
Cyhalothrin	II	25	Desmedipham	U	40
Lambda-cyhalothrin	II	25	Desmetryn	O	48
CYP (Cyanofenphos)	O	48	Diafenthiuron	III	35
Cyhexatin	II	25	Dialifor (Dialifos)	O	48
Cymoxanil	II	25	Dialifos	O	48
Cyometrinil	O	48	Di-allate	O	48
Cypendazole	O	48	Diallyldichloroacetamide, <i>see</i> Dichlormid	III	35
Cypermethrin	II	26	Diamidafos	O	48
Alpha-cypermethrin	II	26	Dibrom, <i>See</i> Naled	II	30
Cyphenothrin [(1R)-isomers]	II	26	Diazinon	II	26
Cyproconazole	II	26	Dibromochloropropane	O	48
Cyprofuram	O	48	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	FM	51, 53
Cypromid	O	48	Dibutyl phthalate	O	48
Cyromazine	III	35	Dibutyl succinate	O	48
2,4-D	II	26	Dicamba	II	26
Daimuron	U	40	Dichlobenil	III	35
Dalapon	U	40	Dichlofenthion	O	48
Daminozide	U	40	Dichlofluanid	U	40
DAPA (Fenamiosulf)	O	48	Dichlorfenidim, <i>see</i> Diuron	III	35
Dazomet	II	26	Dichlormid	III	35
DBCP (Dibromochloro propane)	O	48	Dichlorobenzene	II	26
DCBN (Chlorthiamid)	O	48	Dichlorophen	II	26

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Dichloropicolinic acid, <i>see</i> Clopyralid	III	35	Dimethylarsinic acid	II	27
1,2-Dichloropropane	O	48	Dimetilan	O	48
1,3-Dichloropropene	FM	51, 53	Dimexano	O	48
Dichlorprop	II	26	Dinex	O	48
Dichlorvos	Ib	21	Diniconazole	II	27
Dichlozoline	O	48	Dinitramine	III	35
Diclobutrazol	O	48	Dinobuton	II	27
Diclofop	II	26	Dinocap	II	27
Diclomezine	U	40	Dinocton	O	48
Dicloran	III	35	Dinoseb	O	48, 51
Diclosulam	U	40	Dinoseb acetate	O	48, 51
Dicofol	II	26	Dinoterb	Ib	21
Dicrotophos	Ib	21	Dioxabenzophos	O	48
Dieldrin	O	48, 51	Dioxacarb	O	48
Dienochlor	O	48	Dioxathion	O	48
Diethatyl	O	48	Diphacinone	Ia	19
Diethofencarb	U	40	Diphenamid	II	27
Diethyltoluamide	III	35	Diphenyl, <i>see</i> Biphenyl	III	34
Difenacoum	Ia	19	Dipropetryn	O	48
Difenoconazole	II	26	Dipropyl isocinchomerate	U	41
Difenoxuron	O	48	Diquat	II	27
Difenzoquat	II	26	Disodium octaborate, <i>see</i> Borax	III	34
Difethialone	Ia	19	Disul	O	48
Diflubenzuron	III	35	Disulfoton	Ia	19
Diflufenican	III	35	Ditalimfos	O	48
Difolatan, <i>see</i> Captafol	Ia	19, 51	Dithianon	II	27
Dikegulac	U	41	Dithiopyr	U	41
Dimefox	O	48	Diuron	III	35
Dimefuron	III	35	DMTP, <i>see</i> Methidathion	Ib	22
Dimepiperate	II	26	DNBP (Dinoseb)	O	48, 51
Dimethachlor	II	26	DNBPA (Dinoseb acetate)	O	48, 51
Dimethametryn	III	35	DNOC	Ib	22, 51
<i>Dimethenamid</i>	II	27	Dodemorph	U	41
Dimethipin	II	26	Dodine	II	27
Dimethirimol	III	35	Doguanide, <i>see</i> Dodine	II	27
Dimethoate	II	27	Drazoxolon	O	48
Dimethomorph	U	41	DSMA, <i>see</i> Methylarsonic acid	II	30
Dimethyl phthalate	U	41			

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EDDP, <i>see</i> Edifenphos	Ib	22	Ethylene oxide	FM	51, 53
Edifenphos	Ib	22	Ethyleneglycol- bis(trichloroacetate)	O	48
Eglinazine	O	48	Ethylthiometon, <i>see</i> Disulfoton	Ia	19
Empenthrin [(1R) isomers]	III	35	Etofenprox	U	41
Endosulfan	II	27	Etridiazole	III	35
Endothal-sodium	II	27	Etrimfos	O	48
Endothion	O	48	EXD	O	48
Endrin	O	48	Famoxadone	U	41
EPBP	O	48	Famphur	Ib	22
Ephirsulfonate <i>see</i> Chlorfenson	O	47	Fenaminosulf	O	48
EPN	Ia	19	Fenamiphos	Ib	22
Epoxyethane, <i>see</i> Ethylene oxide	FM	51, 53	Fenarimol	III	36
EPTC	II	27	Fenazaflor	O	48
Erbon	O	48	Fenazaquin	II	27
Esbiol, <i>see</i> Bioallethrin	II	24	Fenbuconazole	III	36
Esbiothrin, <i>see</i> Bioallethrin	II	24	Fenbutatin oxide	III	36
Esdeballéthrin, <i>see</i> Bioallethrin	II	24	Fenchlorazole	U	41
Esfenvalerate	II	27	Fenchlorphos	O	48
ESP (Oxydeprofos)	O	48	Fenclorim	U	41
Esprocarb	III	35	Fenfuram	U	41
Etacelasil	O	48	Fenhexamid	U	41
Etaconazole	O	48	Fenidim, <i>see</i> Fenuron	O	48
Ethalfuralin	U	41	Fenitropan	O	48
Ethephon	III	35	Fenitrothion	II	27
Ethidimuron	O	48	Fenobucarb	II	27
Ethiofencarb	Ib	22	Fenoprop (Silvex)	O	48
Ethiolate	O	48	Fenothiocarb	II	27
Ethion	II	27	Fenoxaprop-ethyl	O	48
Ethirimol	U	41	Fenoxycarb	U	41
Ethoate-methyl	O	48	Fenpiclonil	U	41
Ethofumesate	U	41	Fenpropathrin	II	27
Ethohexadiol	O	48	Fenpropidin	II	27
Ethoprop, <i>see</i> Ethoprofos	Ia	19	Fenpropimorph	III	36
Ethoprofos	Ia	19	<i>Fenpyroximate</i>	II	27
Ethyl butylacetylaminopropionate	U	41	Fenson	O	48
Ethylene dichloride	FM	51, 53	Fensulfathion	O	48
			Fenthiaprop	O	48

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Fenthion	II	27	Flurprimidol	II	28
Fentin acetate	II	27	Flusilazole	II	28
Fentin hydroxide	II	28	Fluthiacet	U	42
Fenuron	O	48	Flutolanil	U	42
Fenuron-TCA	O	48	Flutriafol	II	28
Fenvalerate	II	28	tau-Fluvalinate	III	36
Ferbam	U	41	Fluvalinate	O	49
Ferimzone	II	28	Fluxofenim	II	28
Fipronil	II	28	Folpet	U	42
Flamprop	O	48	Fomesafen	II	28
Flamprop-M	III	36	Fonofos	O	49
Flocoumafen	Ia	19	Formaldehyde	FM	53
Florasulam	U	41	Formetanate	Ib	22
Fluazifop	O	48	Formothion	O	49
Fluazifop-p-butyl	III	36	Fosamine	III	36
Flubenzimine	O	48	Fosetyl	U	42
Flucarbazone-sodium	U	41	Fosfamid, <i>see</i> Dimethoate	II	27
Fluchloralin	II	28	Fosmethilan	O	49
Flucyclohexuron	U	41	Fosthietan	O	49
Flucythrinate	Ib	22	Fuberidazole	II	28
<i>Fludioxinil</i>	U	41	Furalaxyl	II	28
Fluometil	O	49	Furathiocarb	Ib	22
Flufenacet	II	28	Furconazole-cis	O	49
Flufenoxuron	III	36	Furmecyclox	O	49
Flumetralin	U	41	Gamma-BHC, <i>see</i> gamma-HCH	II	28, 51
Flumetsulam	U	42	Gamma-HCH	II	28, 51
Fluometuron	U	42	Gibberellic acid	U	42
Fluoroacetamide	Ib	22, 51	Glufosinate	II	28
Fluorodifen	O	49	Glyodin	O	49
Fluoroglycofen	II	28	Glyphosate	III	36
Fluoromide	O	49	Glyphosine	O	49
Fluotrimazole	O	49	Griseofulvin	O	49
Flupropanate	U	42	Guazatine	II	28
Flupyrsulfuron	U	42	Halacrinatate	O	49
Flurecol-butyl, <i>see</i> Flurenol	U	42	Halofenozide	III	36
Flurenol	U	42	Haloxydine	O	49
Fluridone	U	42	Haloxypop	II	28
Flurochloridone	III	36	HCH	II	28, 51
Fluroxypyr	U	42			

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Heptachlor	O	49, 51	Isobornyl thiocynoacetate	O	49
Heptenophos	Ib	22	Isocarbamid	O	49
Heptopargil	O	49	Isocil	O	49
Hexachloroacetone	O	49	Isodrin	O	49
Hexachlorobenzene	Ia	19, 51	Isofenphos	O	49
Hexaconazole	III	36	Isomethiozin	O	49
Hexaflumuron	U	42	Isonoruron	O	49
Hexaflurate	O	49	Isoproc carb	II	29
Hexazinone	II	28	Isopropalin	O	49
Hexythiazox	U	42	Isoprothiolane	II	29
Hydramethylnon	II	28	Isoproturon	II	29
Hydrogen cyanide	FM	53	Isothioate	O	49
Hydroprene	U	42	Isouron	II	29
2-Hydroxyethyl-octyl sulphide	U	42	Isoxaben	U	42
Hydroxyisoxazole, <i>see</i> Hymexazol	III	36	Isoxapyrifop	O	49
Hydroxyquinolinesulfate	O	49	Isoxathion	Ib	22
Hymexazol	III	36	Jodfenphos	O	49
Imazalil	II	28	Karbation, <i>see</i> Metam-sodium	II	29
Imazamethabenzmethyl	U	42	Karbutilate	O	49
Imazapyr	U	42	Kasugamycin	U	43
Imazaquin	U	42	Kelevan	O	49
Imazethapyr	U	42	Keltane, <i>see</i> Dicofol	II	26
Imibenconazole	U	42	Kinoprene	O	49
Imidacloprid	II	28	Lambda-cyhalothrin	II	29
Iminoctadine	II	29	Lead arsenate	Ib	22
Inabenfide	U	42	Lenacil	U	43
Iodofenphos (Jodfenphos)	O	49	Leptophos	O	49
<i>Indoxacarb</i>	II	29	Lindane, <i>see</i> Gamma-HCH	II	28, 51
Ioxynil	II	29	Linuron	III	36
Ioxynil octanoate	II	29	Lythidathion	O	49
Ipazine	O	49	M74, <i>see</i> Disulfoton	Ia	19
IBP, <i>see</i> Iprobenfos	II	29	Magnesium phosphide	FM	53
Iprobenfos	II	29	Malathion	III	36
Iprodione	III	36	Maldison, <i>see</i> Malathion	III	36
Iprovalicarb	U	42	Maleic hydrazide	U	43
IPSP	O	49	Malonoben	O	49
Isazofos	O	49	Mancozeb	U	43
Isobenzan	O	49	<i>Mandipropamid</i>	U	43
			Maneb	U	43

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MBCP (Leptophos)	O	49	Methidathion	Ib	22
MCC (SWEP)	O	50	Methiocarb	Ib	22
MCPA	II	29	Methiuron	O	49
MCPA-thioethyl	II	29	Methomyl	Ib	22
MCPB	II	29	Methoprene	U	43
Mebenil	O	49	Methoprotryne	O	49
Mecarbam	Ib	22	Methoxychlor	U	43
Mecarbinzid	O	49	Methoxyethylmercury silicate	O	49, 51
Mecarphon	O	49	Methoxymethyl mercury chloride	O	49, 51
Mecoprop	II	29	Methoxyphenone	O	49
Mecoprop-P	II	29	Methozyfenozone	U	43
Medinoterb acetate	O	49	Methyl bromide	FM	53
Mefenacet	U	43	Methyl isothiocyanate	II	30
Mefluidide	II	29	Methylarsonic acid	II	30
Menazon	O	49	Methyldymron	III	36
MEP, <i>see</i> Fenitrothion	II	27	Methylmercaptphos teolovy, <i>see</i> Demeton-S-methyl	Ib	21
Mepanipyrim	U	43	Methylmercury dicyandiamide	O	49, 51
Mephospholan	O	49	Methyl-parathion	Ia	19, 51
Mepiquat	II	29	Metilmerkaptophosoksid, <i>see</i> Oxydemeton-methyl	Ib	22
Mepronil	U	43	Metiram	U	43
Mercapthphos (Demeton-O and Demeton-S)	O	48	Metobromuron	U	43
Mercaptodimethur, <i>see</i> Methiocarb	Ib	22	Metolachlor	III	36
Mercuric chloride	Ia	19, 51	Metolcarb	II	30
Mercuric oxide	Ib	22, 51	Metosulam	U	43
Mercurous chloride	II	29, 51	Metoxuron	III	36
Metalaxyl	II	29	Metribuzin	II	30
Metaldehyde	II	29	Metiltriazotion, <i>see</i> Azinphos-methyl	Ib	21
Metamitron	II	29	Metsulfovax	O	49
Metam-sodium	II	29	Metsulfuron methyl	U	43
Metaphos, <i>see</i> Parathion-methyl	Ia	19	Metsulfuron, <i>see</i> Metsulfuron methyl	U	43
Metazachlor	III	36	Mevinphos	Ia	19
Metconazole	II	29	Mexacarbate	O	49
Methabenzthiazuron	III	36	MICP, <i>see</i> Isoprocarb	II	29
Methacrifos	II	29	Mipafox	O	49
Methamidophos	Ib	22, 51	Mirex2	O	49
Methasulfocarb	II	30			
Methazole	O	49			

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Common name	Class	Page	Common name	Class	Page
Molinate	II	30	N-octylbicycloheptene dicarboximide	III	37
Monalide	O	49	(Octylthio)ethanol, <i>see</i> 2-Hydroxyethyloctyl sulphide	U	42
Monocrotophos	Ib	22, 51	Ofurace	III	37
Monolinuron	III	36	Omethoate	Ib	22
Monuron	O	49	Oryzalin	U	44
Monuron-TCA	O	49	Oxabetrinil	U	44
Morfamquat	O	49	Oxadiazon	U	44
MPMC, <i>see</i> Xylcarb	II	33	Oxadixyl	II	30
MPP, <i>see</i> Fenthion	II	27	Oxamyl	Ib	22
MSMA, <i>see</i> Methylarsonic acid	II	30	Oxapyrazon	O	49
Myclobutanil	II	30	Oxine-copper	U	44
Myclozolin	O	49	Oxycarboxin	III	37
Nabam	II	30	Oxydemeton-methyl	Ib	22
NAC, <i>see</i> Carbaryl	II	25	Oxydisulfoton	O	49
Naled	II	30	Oxyfluorfen	U	44
Naphthalene	O	49	2,4 PA, <i>see</i> 2,4-D	II	26
Naphthalic anhydride	O	49	Paclobutrazol	II	30
2-(1-Naphthyl) acetamide	U	43	Palléthrin, <i>see</i> Allethrin	II	24
1-Naphthylacetic acid	III	37	PAP, <i>see</i> Phenthoate	II	30
Napropamide	U	43	Paradichlorobenzene, <i>see</i> Dichlorobenzene	II	26
Naptalam	U	43	Parafluron	O	49
2-Naphthyloxyacetic acid	II	30	Paraquat	II	30
Neburon	U	43	Parathion	Ia	19, 52
Niclosamide	U	43	Parathion-methyl	Ia	19, 51
Nicosulfuron	U	43	Paris green	Ib	22
Nicotine	Ib	22	Pebulate	II	30
Nitralin	O	49	Penconazole	III	37
Nitrapyrin	II	30	Pencycuron	U	44
Nitrilacarb	O	49	Pendimethalin	II	30
Nitrofen	O	49	Penoxsulam	U	44
Nitrothal-isopropyl	U	43	Pentachlorophenol	Ib	22, 51
Norbormide	O	49	Pentanochlor	U	44
Norflurazon	U	43	Perfluidone	O	49
Noruron	O	49	Permethrin	II	30
<i>Novaluron</i>	U	43	PHC, <i>see</i> Propoxur	II	31
Noviflumuron	U	44	Phenisobromolate, <i>see</i> Bromopropylate	U	39
Nuarimol	II	30			
Octhilinone	II	30			

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Phenisopham	O	49	Procymidone	U	44
Phenkapton	O	49	Prodiamine	U	44
Phenmedipham	U	44	Profenofos	II	31
Phenobenzuron	O	49	Profluralin	O	50
Phenothrin	U	44	Proglinazine	O	50
Phenthoate	II	30	Promacyl	O	50
Phenylmercury acetate	Ia	20, 51	Promecarb	O	50
Phenylmercury dimethyl- dithiocarbamate	O	50, 51	Prometon	III	37
Phenylmercury nitrate	O	50, 51	Prometryn	III	37
2-Phenylphenol	III	37	Pronamide, <i>see</i> Propyzamide	U	44
Phorate	Ia	20	Propachlor	II	31
Phosacetim	O	50	Propamocarb	U	44
Phosalone	II	30	Propanil	II	31
Phosdiphen	O	50	Propaphos	O	50
Phosfolan	O	50	Propaquizafop	U	44
Phosmet	II	30	Propargite	III	37
Phosphamidon	Ia	20, 51	Propazine	U	44
Phosphine	FM	53	Propetamphos	Ib	23
Phosphorus acid	U	44	Propham	U	44
Phoxim	II	30	Propiconazole	II	31
Phthalide	U	44	Propineb	U	44
Phthalofos, <i>see</i> Phosmet	II	30	Propoxur	II	31
Picloram	U	44	Propyl isome	O	50
Pimaricin	III	37	Propyzamide	U	44
Pindone	O	50	Prosulfocarb	II	31
Piperonyl butoxide	U	44	Prothiocarb	O	50
Piperophos	II	30	<i>Prothioconazole</i>	<i>U</i>	<i>45</i>
Piproctanyl	O	50	Prothiofos	II	31
Pirimicarb	II	31	Prothoate	O	50
Pirimiphos-ethyl	O	50	Protiophos, <i>see</i> Prothiofos	II	31
Pirimiphos-methyl	II	31	Proxan	O	50
Polychlorocamphene (Camphechlor)	O	47, 51	Pydanon	O	50
Potassium cyanate	O	50	Pyracarbolid	O	50
Prallethrin	II	31	Pyraclofos	II	31
Pretilachlor	U	44	Pyrazolynate	U	45
Primisulfuron	U	44	Pyrazon, <i>see</i> Chloridazon	III	34
Probenazole	III	37	Pyrazophos	II	31
Prochloraz	II	31	Pyrazosulfuron	U	45
			Pyrazoxyfen	II	31

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Pyrethrins	II	31	Sesamex	O	50
Pyridaben	II	31	Sethoxydim	III	37
Pyridaphenthion	II	31	Sevin, <i>see</i> Carbaryl	II	25
Pyridate	III	37	Siduron	U	45
Pyridinitril	O	50	Silvex (Fenoprop)	O	48
Pyrifenox	III	37	Simazine	U	45
Pyrimethanil	III	37	Simetryn	II	31
Pyriminobac	U	45	Sodium arsenite	Ib	23
Pyriproxyfen	U	45	Sodium borate, <i>see</i> Borax	III	34
Pyrithiobac sodium	III	37	Sodium chlorate	II	31
Pyroquilon	II	31	Sodium cyanide	Ib	23
Quinacetol sulfate	O	50	Sodium fluoride	O	50
Quinalphos	II	31	Sodium fluoroacetate	Ia	20
Quinclorac	III	37	Sodium hexafluorosilicate	O	50
Quinmerac	U	45	<i>Spinetoram</i>	U	45
Quinoclamine	II	31	Spinosad	III	37
Quinomethionate, <i>see</i> Chinomethionat	III	34	<i>Spirotetramat</i>	III	37
Quinonamid	O	50	Spiroxamine	II	32
Quinoxyfen	U	45	Stirofox, <i>see</i> Tetrachlorvinphos	III	38
Quintozene	U	45	Strychnine	Ib	23
Quizalofop	II	31	Sulfallate	O	50
Quizalofop-p-tefuryl	II	31	Sulfuramid	II	32
Red squill (Scilliroside)	O	50	Sulfometuron	U	45
Reglon, <i>see</i> Diquat	II	27	Sulfotep	Ia	20
Resmethrin	III	37	Sulfur, <i>see</i> Sulphur	III	37
Rimsulfuron	U	45	Sulfoxide	O	50
Ronnel (Fenchlorphos)	O	48	Sulfuryl fluoride	FM	53
Rotenone	II	31	Sulphur	III	37
Ryania	O	50	Sulprofos	O	50
Ryanocline (Ryania)	O	50	2,4,5-T	O	50, 51
Sabadilla	O	50	tau-Fluvalinate	III	37
Salicylanilide	O	50	2,3,6-TBA	II	32
Salithion (Dioxabenzophos)	O	48	TCA (acid)	II	32
SAP, <i>see</i> Bensulide	II	24	TCA (sodium salt)	III	37
Schradan	O	50	TDE	O	50
Scilliroside	O	50	Tebuconazole	II	32
Secbumeton	O	50	Tebufenozide	U	45
Sec-butylamine, <i>see</i> Butylamine	II	25	Tebufenpyrad	II	32

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Tebupirimfos	Ia	20	Thioquinox	O	50
Tebutam	U	45	Thioxamyl, <i>see</i> Oxamyl	Ib	22
Tebuthiuron	II	32	Thiram	II	32, 51
Tecnazene	U	45	Timet, <i>see</i> Phorate	Ia	20
Tedion, <i>see</i> Tetradifon	U	45	Tiocarbazil	U	45
Teflubenzuron	U	45	TMTD, <i>see</i> Thiram	II	32, 51
Tefluthrin	Ib	23	Tolclofos-methyl	U	46
Temephos	III	37	Tolyfluanid	U	46
TEPP	O	50	Tolylmethylcarbamate, <i>see</i> Metolcarb	II	30
Terbacil	U	45	Toxaphene (Camphechlor)	O	47, 51
Terbucarb	O	50	2,4,5-TP (Fenoprop)	O	48
Terbufos	Ia	20	Tralkoxydim	II	32
Terbumeton	II	32	Tralomethrin	II	32
Terbuthylazine	III	38	Transfluthrin	U	46
Terbutryn	III	38	Triadimefon	II	32
Tetrachlorvinphos	III	38	Triadimenol	II	32
Tetraconazole	II	32	Tri-allate	III	38
Tetradifon	U	45	Triamiphos	O	50
Tetramethrin	U	45	Triapenthenol	O	50
Tetrasul	O	50	Triarimol	O	50
Thallium sulfate	Ib	23	Triasulfuron	U	46
Thiabendazole	III	38	Triazamate	II	32
Thiacloprid	II	32	Triazophos	Ib	23
Thiazafluron	O	50	Triazotion, <i>see</i> Azinphos-ethyl	Ib	21
Thiazfluorin, <i>see</i> Thiazafluron	O	50	Tribenuron	U	46
Thicyofen	O	50	Tricamba	O	50
Thidiazuron	III	38	Trichlamide	O	50
Thifensulfuron-methyl	U	45	Trichlorfon	II	32
Thifluzamide	U	45	Trichloronat	O	50
Thiobencarb	II	32	Triclopyr	II	32
Thiocyclam	II	32	Tricyclazole	II	32
Thiodan, <i>see</i> Endosulfan	II	27	Tridemorph	II	32
Thiodicarb	II	32	Tridiphane	O	50
Thiofanox	Ib	23	Trietazine	III	38
Thiofos, <i>see</i> Parathion	Ia	19, 52	Trifenmorph	O	50
Thiometon	Ib	23	<i>Trifloxystrobin</i>	U	46
Thionazin	O	50	Triflumizole	II	32
Thiophanate	O	50	Triflumuron	U	46
Thiophanate-methyl	U	45			

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Trifluralin	U	46	Vernolate	O	50
Triflurosulfuron-methyl	U	46	Vinclozolin	U	46
Triforine	U	46	Warfarin	Ib	23
Trimethacarb	O	50	XMC	II	33
Triticonazole	III	38	Xylylcarb	II	33
Triazotol, <i>see</i> Azinphos-ethyl	Ib	21	Zeta-cypermethrin	Ib	21
Undecan-2-one	III	38	Zinc phosphide	Ib	23
Uniconazole	II	33	Zineb	U	46
Validamycin	U	46	Ziram	II	33
Vamidothion	Ib	23	Zoxamide	U	46